Advance Information

MPC8272EC Rev. 0.2 12/2003

MPC8272 PowerQUICC II™ Family Hardware Specifications





This hardware specification contains detailed information on power considerations, DC/AC electrical characteristics, and AC timing specifications for the MPC8272 family of devices—the MPC8272, the MPC8248, the MPC8271, and the MPC8247. These devices are .13µm (HiP7) members of the PowerQUICC IITM family of integrated communications processors. They include on a single chip a 32-bit PowerPC core that incorporates memory management units (MMUs) and instruction and data caches and that implements the PowerPC instruction set; a modified communications processor module (CPM); and an integrated security engine (SEC) for encryption (the MPC8272 and the MPC8248 only).

All four devices are collectively referred to throughout this hardware specification as 'the MPC8272' unless otherwise noted. The following topics are addressed:

Topic	Page
Section 1, "Overview"	2
Section 2, "Operating Conditions"	7
Section 3, "DC Electrical Characteristics"	8
Section 4, "Thermal Characteristics"	11
Section 5, "Power Dissipation"	14
Section 6, "AC Electrical Characteristics"	14
Section 7, "Clock Configuration Modes"	22
Section 8, "Pinout"	39
Section 9, "Package"	51
Section 10, "Ordering Information"	53
Section 11, "Document Revision History"	53

1 Overview

Table 1 shows the functionality supported by each device in the MPC8272 family.

Table 1. MPC8272 PowerQUICC II Family Functionality

			Devices		
Functionality		MPC8272	MPC8248	MPC8271	MPC8247
	Package ¹		516 F	PBGA	
Serial communications controllers (SCCs	s)	3	3	3	3
QUICC multi-channel controller (QMC)		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Fast communication controllers (FCCs)		2	2	2	2
I-Cache (Kbyte)		16	16	16	16
D-Cache (Kbyte)		16	16	16	16
Ethernet (10/100)		2	2	2	2
UTOPIA II Ports		1	0	1	0
Multi-channel controllers (MCCs)		0	0	0	0
PCI bridge		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Transmission convergence (TC) layer		_	_	_	_
Inverse multiplexing for ATM (IMA)		_	_	_	_
Universal serial bus (USB) 2.0 full/low rat	1	1	1	1	
Security engine (SEC)		Yes	Yes	_	_

¹ Refer to Table 2.

Devices in the MPC8272 family are available in two packages—the VR or ZQ package—as shown in Table 2. For package ordering information, refer to Section 10, "Ordering Information."

Table 2. MPC8272 PowerQUICC II Device Packages

Code (Package)	VR (516 PBGA—Lead free)	ZQ (516 PBGA—Lead spheres)
	MPC8272VR	MPC8272ZQ
Device	MPC8248VR	MPC8248ZQ
Device	MPC8271VR	MPC8271ZQ
	MPC8247VR	MPC8247ZQ

Figure 1 shows the block diagram of the MPC8272.

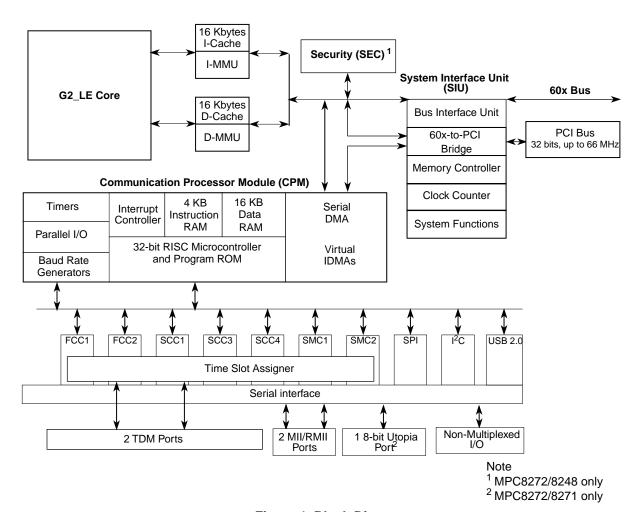


Figure 1. Block Diagram

1.1 Features

The major features of the MPC8272 are as follows:

- Dual-issue integer (G2 LE) core
 - A core version of the MPC603e microprocessor
 - System core microprocessor supporting frequencies of 266-400 MHz
 - Separate 16-Kbyte data and instruction caches:
 - Four-way set associative
 - Physically addressed
 - LRU replacement algorithm
 - PowerPC architecture-compliant memory management unit (MMU)
 - Common on-chip processor (COP) test interface
 - Supports bus snooping for cache coherency
 - Floating-point unit (FPU) supports floating-point arithmetic
 - Support for cache locking
- Low-power consumption
- Separate power supply for internal logic (1.5 V) and for I/O (3.3 V)

Overview

- Separate PLLs for G2 LE core and for the communications processor module (CPM)
 - G2_LE core and CPM can run at different frequencies for power/performance optimization
 - Internal core/bus clock multiplier that provides 2:1, 2.5:1, 3:1, 3.5:1, 4:1, 4.5:1, 5:1, 5:5:1, 6:1, 7:1, and 8:1 ratios
 - Internal CPM/bus clock multiplier that provides 2:1, 2.5:1, 3:1, 3.5:1, 4:1, 5:1, and 6:1 ratios
- 64-bit data and 32-bit address 60x bus
 - Bus supports multiple master designs—up to two external masters
 - Supports single transfers and burst transfers
 - 64-, 32-, 16-, and 8-bit port sizes controlled by on-chip memory controller
- 60x-to-PCI bridge
 - Programmable host bridge and agent
 - 32-bit data bus, 66 MHz, 3.3 V
 - Synchronous and asynchronous 60x and PCI clock modes
 - All internal address space available to external PCI host
 - DMA for memory block transfers
 - PCI-to-60x address remapping
- System interface unit (SIU)
 - Clock synthesizer
 - Reset controller
 - Real-time clock (RTC) register
 - Periodic interrupt timer
 - Hardware bus monitor and software watchdog timer
 - IEEE 1149.1 JTAG test access port
- Eight bank memory controller
 - Glueless interface to SRAM, page mode SDRAM, DRAM, EPROM, Flash, and other user-definable peripherals
 - Byte write enables
 - 32-bit address decodes with programmable bank size
 - Three user programmable machines, general-purpose chip-select machine, and page mode pipeline SDRAM machine
 - Byte selects for 64-bit bus width (60x)
 - Dedicated interface logic for SDRAM
- Disable CPU mode
- Integrated security engine (SEC) (MPC8272 and MPC8248 only)
 - Supports DES, 3DES, MD-5, SHA-1, AES, PKEU, RNG and RC-4 encryption algorithms in hardware
- Communications processor module (CPM)
 - Embedded 32-bit communications processor (CP) uses a RISC architecture for flexible support for communications peripherals
 - Interfaces to G2_LE core through on-chip dual-port RAM and DMA controller. (Dual-port RAM size is 16 Kbyte plus 4Kbyte dedicated instruction RAM.)

- Universal serial bus (USB) controller
 - Supports USB 2.0 full/low rate compatible
 - USB host mode
 - Supports control, bulk, interrupt, and isochronous data transfers
 - CRC16 generation and checking
 - NRZI encoding/decoding with bit stuffing
 - Supports both 12- and 1.5-Mbps data rates (automatic generation of preamble token and data rate configuration). Note that low-speed operation requires an external hub.
 - Flexible data buffers with multiple buffers per frame
 - Supports local loopback mode for diagnostics (12 Mbps only)
 - Supports USB slave mode
 - Four independent endpoints support control, bulk, interrupt, and isochronous data transfers
 - CRC16 generation and checking
 - CRC5 checking
 - NRZI encoding/decoding with bit stuffing
 - 12- or 1.5-Mbps data rate
 - Flexible data buffers with multiple buffers per frame
 - Automatic retransmission upon transmit error
 - Serial DMA channels for receive and transmit on all serial channels
 - Parallel I/O registers with open-drain and interrupt capability
 - Virtual DMA functionality executing memory-to-memory and memory-to-I/O transfers
 - Two fast communication controllers (FCCs) supporting the following protocols:
 - 10-/100-Mbit Ethernet/IEEE 802.3 CDMA/CS interface through media independent interface (MII)
 - Transparent
 - HDLC—up to T3 rates (clear channel)
 - One of the FCCs supports ATM (MPC8272 and MPC8271 only)—full-duplex SAR at 155 Mbps, 8-bit UTOPIA interface 31 Mphys, AAL5, AAL1, AAL2, AAL0 protocols, TM 4.0 CBR, VBR, UBR, ABR traffic types, up to 64-K external connections
 - Three serial communications controllers (SCCs) identical to those on the MPC860 supporting the digital portions of the following protocols:
 - Ethernet/IEEE 802.3 CDMA/CS
 - HDLC/SDLC and HDLC bus
 - Universal asynchronous receiver transmitter (UART)
 - Synchronous UART
 - Binary synchronous (BiSync) communications
 - Transparent
 - QUICC multichannel controller (QMC) up to 64 channels
 - Independent transmit and receive routing, frame synchronization.
 - Serial-multiplexed (full-duplex) input/output 2048-, 1544-, and 1536-Kbps PCM highways

Overview

- Compatible with T1/DS1 24-channel and CEPT E1 32-channel PCM highway, ISDN basic rate, ISDN primary rate, and user defined.
- Subchanneling on each time slot.
- Independent transmit and receive routing, frame synchronization and clocking
- Concatenation of any not necessarily consecutive time slots to channels independently for Rx/Tx
- Supports H1,H11, and H12 channels
- Allows dynamic allocation of channels
- SCC3 in NMSI mode is not usable when USB is enabled.
- Two serial management controllers (SMCs), identical to those of the MPC860
 - Provides management for BRI devices as general-circuit interface (GCI) controllers in time-division-multiplexed (TDM) channels
 - Transparent
 - UART (low-speed operation)
- One serial peripheral interface identical to the MPC860 SPI
- One I²C controller (identical to the MPC860 I²C controller)
 - Microwire compatible
 - Multiple-master, single-master, and slave modes
- Up to two TDM interfaces
 - Supports one group of two TDM channels
 - 1024 bytes of SI RAM
- Eight independent baud rate generators and 14 input clock pins for supplying clocks to FCC, SCC, SMC, and USB serial channels
- Four independent 16-bit timers that can be interconnected as two 32-bit timers
- PCI bridge
 - PCI Specification revision 2.2-compliant and supports frequencies up to 66 MHz
 - On-chip arbitration
 - Support for PCI to 60x memory and 60x memory to PCI streaming
 - PCI host bridge or peripheral capabilities
 - Includes four DMA channels for the following transfers:
 - PCI-to-60x to 60x-to-PCI
 - 60x-to-PCI to PCI-to-60x
 - PCI-to-60x to PCI-to-60x
 - 60x-to-PCI to 60x-to-PCI
 - Includes the configuration registers required by the PCI standard (which are automatically loaded from the EPROM to configure the MPC8272) and message and doorbell registers
 - Supports the I₂O standard
 - Hot-Swap friendly (supports the Hot Swap Specification as defined by PICMG 2.1 R1.0 August 3, 1998)
 - Support for 66-MHz, 3.3-V specification
 - 60x-PCI bus core logic, which uses a buffer pool to allocate buffers for each port

2 Operating Conditions

Table 3 shows the maximum electrical ratings.

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings ¹

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Core supply voltage ²	VDD	-0.3 - 2.25	V
PLL supply voltage ²	VCCSYN	-0.3 - 2.25	V
I/O supply voltage ³	VDDH	-0.3 - 4.0	V
Input voltage ⁴	VIN	GND(-0.3) - 3.6	V
Junction temperature	Tj	120	°C
Storage temperature range	T _{STG}	(-55) - (+150)	°C

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation (see Table 4) at the maximums is not guaranteed. Stress beyond those listed may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage.

Table 4 lists recommended operational voltage conditions.

Table 4. Recommended Operating Conditions ¹

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Core supply voltage	VDD	1.45 – 1.60	V
PLL supply voltage	VCCSYN	1.45 – 1.60	V
I/O supply voltage	VDDH	3.135 – 3.465	V
Input voltage	VIN	GND (-0.3) – 3.465	V
Junction temperature (maximum)	Tj	105 ²	°C
Ambient temperature	T _A	0-70 ²	°C

Caution: These are the recommended and tested operating conditions. Proper operation outside of these conditions is not guaranteed.

NOTE: Core, PLL, and I/O Supply Voltages

VDDH, VCCSYN, and VDD must track each other and must vary in the same direction—either in the positive direction (+0.165 VDDH and +0.075 VDD) or in the negative direction (-0.165 VDDH and -0.075 VDD).

This device contains circuitry protecting against damage due to high static voltage or electrical fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltages higher than maximum-rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit. Reliability of operation is enhanced if unused inputs are tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (either GND or V_{CC}).

² Caution: VDD/VCCSYN must not exceed VDDH by more than 0.4 V at any time, including during power-on reset.

³ Caution: VDDH can exceed VDD/VCCSYN by 3.3 V during power on reset by no more than 100 mSec. VDDH should not exceed VDD/VCCSYN by more than 2.5 V during normal operation.

⁴ Caution: VIN must not exceed VDDH by more than 2.5 V at any time, including during power-on reset.

 $^{^{2}}$ Note that for extended temperature parts the range is $(-40)_{T_{\Delta}}$ – $105_{T_{\dot{1}}}$.

DC Electrical Characteristics

Figure 2 shows the undershoot and overshoot voltage of the 60x bus memory interface of the MPC8272. Note that in PCI mode the I/O interface is different.

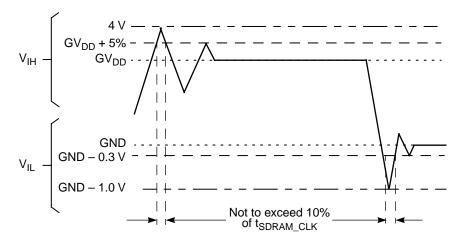


Figure 2. Overshoot/Undershoot Voltage

3 DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 5 shows DC electrical characteristics.

Table 5. DC Electrical Characteristics ¹

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input high voltage— all inputs except TRST and PORESET ²	V _{IH}	2.0	3.465	V
Input low voltage	V _{IL}	GND	0.8	V
CLKIN input high voltage	V _{IHC}	2.4	3.465	V
CLKIN input low voltage	V _{ILC}	GND	0.4	V
Input leakage current, V _{IN} = VDDH ³	I _{IN}	_	10	μA
Hi-Z (off state) leakage current, V _{IN} = VDDH ³	I _{OZ}	_	10	μA
Signal low input current, V _{IL} = 0.8 V	IL	_	1	μA
Signal high input current, V _{IH} = 2.0 V	I _H	_	1	μA
Output high voltage, I _{OH} = -2 mA except UTOPIA mode, and open drain pins In UTOPIA mode ⁴ (UTOPIA pins only): I _{OH} = -8.0mA PA[8–31] PB[18–31] PC[0–1,4–29] PD[7–25, 29–31]	V _{OH}	2.4	_	V
In UTOPIA mode ⁴ (UTOPIA pins only): I _{OL} = 8.0mA PA[8–31] PB[18–31] PC[0–1,4–29] PD[7–25, 29–31]	V _{OL}	_	0.5	V

DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 5. DC Electrical Characteristics ¹ (continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Iol = 6.0mA	V _{OL}	Min —	Max 0.4	V
BADDR31/ĪRQ5/CINT				

DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 5. DC Electrical Characteristics ¹ (continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Characteristic IOL = 5.3mA CS[0-5] CS6/BCTL1/SMI CS7/TLBSYNC BADDR27/ IRQ1 BADDR28/ IRQ2 ALE/ IRQ4 BCTL0 PWE[0-7]/PSDDQM[0-7]/PBS[0-7] PSDA10/PGPL0 PSDWE/PGPL1 POE/PSDRAS/PGPL2 PSDCAS/PGPL3 PGTA/PUPMWAIT/PGPL4 PSDAMUX/PGPL5 PCI_CFG0 (PCI_HOST_EN) PCI_CFG1 (PCI_ARB_EN) PCI_CFG2 (DLL_ENABLE) MODCK1/RSRV/TC(0)/BNKSEL(0) MODCK2/CSE0/TC(1)/BNKSEL(1) MODCK3/CSE1/TC(2)/BNKSEL(2) IOL = 3.2mA PCI_PAR PCI_FRAME PCI_TRDY PCI_IRDY PCI_ISTOP PCI_DEVSEL PCI_DSEL PCI_PERR PCI_SERR PCI_REQ0 PCI_REQ1/CPI_HS_ES	Symbol	Min	Max 0.4	V
PCI_DEVSEL PCI_IDSEL PCI_PERR PCI_SERR PCI_SERR PCI_REQ0 PCI_REQ1/CPI_HS_ES PCI_GNT0 PCI_GNT1/CPI_HS_LES PCI_GNT2/CPI_HS_ENUM PCI_RST				
PCI_INTA PCI_REQ2 DLLOUT PCI_AD(0-31) PCI_C(0-3)/BE(0-3) PA[8-31] PB[18-31] PC[0-1,4-29] PD[7-25, 29-31] TDO				

¹ The default configuration of the CPM pins (PA[8–31], PB[18–31], PC[0–1,4–29], PD[7–25, 29–31]) is input. To prevent excessive DC current, it is recommended either to pull unused pins to GND or VDDH, or to configure them as outputs.

 $^{^2}$ $\,\overline{\mbox{TRST}}$ and $\,\overline{\mbox{PORESET}}$ should be tied to VDDH via a 2K Ω external pull-up resistor.

³ The leakage current is measured for nominal VDDH, VCCSYN, and VDD.

⁴ MPC8272 and MPC8271 only.

4 Thermal Characteristics

Table 6 describes thermal characteristics. Refer to Table 2 for information on a given device's package. Discussions of each characteristic are provided in sections 4.1 through 4.7. For the these discussions, $P_D = (V_{DD} \times I_{DD}) + PI/O$, where PI/O is the power dissipation of the I/O drivers.

Table 6. Thermal Characteristics

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit	Air Flow
Junction-to-ambient—	$R_{ heta JA}$	27	2000	Natural convection
single-layer board ¹	Σ _θ JA 21		°C/W	1 m/s
Junction-to-ambient—	<u> </u>	19	2000	Natural convection
four-layer board	$R_{\theta JA}$	16	°C/W	1 m/s
Junction-to-board ²	$R_{\theta JB}$	11	°C/W	_
Junction-to-case ³	$R_{\theta JC}$	8	°C/W	_
Junction-to-package top ⁴	$R_{ heta JT}$	2	°C/W	_

Assumes no thermal vias

4.1 Estimation with Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

An estimation of the chip junction temperature, T_J, in °C can be obtained from the equation:

$$T_J = T_A + (R_{\theta JA} \times P_D)$$

where:

 T_A = ambient temperature (°C)

 $R_{\theta JA}$ = package junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (°C/W)

 P_D = power dissipation in package

The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is an industry standard value which provides a quick and easy estimation of thermal performance. However, the answer is only an estimate; test cases have demonstrated that errors of a factor of two (in the quantity $T_J - T_A$) are possible.

Thermal resistance between the die and the printed circuit board per JEDEC JESD51-8. Board temperature is measured on the top surface of the board near the package.

Thermal resistance between the die and the case top surface as measured by the cold plate method (MIL SPEC-883 Method 1012.1).

⁴ Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between package top and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-2. When Greek letters are not available, the thermal characterization parameter is written as Psi-JT.

4.2 Estimation with Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance

Historically, the thermal resistance has frequently been expressed as the sum of a junction-to-case thermal resistance and a case-to-ambient thermal resistance:

$$R_{\theta JA} = R_{\theta JC} + R_{\theta CA}$$

where:

 $R_{\theta JA}$ = junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (°C/W)

 $R_{\theta JC}$ = junction-to-case thermal resistance (°C/W)

 $R_{\theta CA}$ = case-to-ambient thermal resistance (°C/W)

 $R_{\theta JC}$ is device related and cannot be influenced by the user. The user adjusts the thermal environment to affect the case-to-ambient thermal resistance, $R_{\theta CA}$. For instance, the user can change the air flow around the device, add a heat sink, change the mounting arrangement on the printed circuit board, or change the thermal dissipation on the printed circuit board surrounding the device. This thermal model is most useful for ceramic packages with heat sinks where some 90% of the heat flows through the case and the heat sink to the ambient environment. For most packages, a better model is required.

4.3 Estimation with Junction-to-Board Thermal Resistance

A simple package thermal model which has demonstrated reasonable accuracy (about 20%) is a two-resistor model consisting of a junction-to-board and a junction-to-case thermal resistance. The junction-to-case thermal resistance covers the situation where a heat sink is used or where a substantial amount of heat is dissipated from the top of the package. The junction-to-board thermal resistance describes the thermal performance when most of the heat is conducted to the printed circuit board. It has been observed that the thermal performance of most plastic packages, especially PBGA packages, is strongly dependent on the board temperature.

If the board temperature is known, an estimate of the junction temperature in the environment can be made using the following equation:

$$T_I = T_R + (R_{\theta IR} \times P_D)$$

where:

 $R_{\theta JB}$ = junction-to-board thermal resistance (°C/W)

 T_B = board temperature (°C)

 P_D = power dissipation in package

If the board temperature is known and the heat loss from the package case to the air can be ignored, acceptable predictions of junction temperature can be made. For this method to work, the board and board mounting must be similar to the test board used to determine the junction-to-board thermal resistance, namely a 2s2p (board with a power and a ground plane) and by attaching the thermal balls to the ground plane.

4.4 Estimation Using Simulation

When the board temperature is not known, a thermal simulation of the application is needed. The simple two-resistor model can be used with the thermal simulation of the application, or a more accurate and complex model of the package can be used in the thermal simulation.

4.5 Experimental Determination

To determine the junction temperature of the device in the application after prototypes are available, the thermal characterization parameter (Ψ_{JT}) can be used to determine the junction temperature with a measurement of the temperature at the top center of the package case using the following equation:

$$T_{J} = T_{T} + (\Psi_{JT} \times P_{D})$$

where:

 Ψ_{JT} = thermal characterization parameter

 T_T = thermocouple temperature on top of package

 P_D = power dissipation in package

The thermal characterization parameter is measured per JEDEC JESD51-2 specification using a 40 gauge type T thermocouple epoxied to the top center of the package case. The thermocouple should be positioned so that the thermocouple junction rests on the package. A small amount of epoxy is placed over the thermocouple junction and over 1 mm of wire extending from the junction. The thermocouple wire is placed flat against the case to avoid measurement errors caused by cooling effects of the thermocouple wire.

4.6 Layout Practices

Each V_{CC} pin should be provided with a low-impedance path to the board's power supply. Each ground pin should likewise be provided with a low-impedance path to ground. The power supply pins drive distinct groups of logic on chip. The V_{CC} power supply should be bypassed to ground using at least four 0.1 μ F bypass capacitors located as close as possible to the four sides of the package. The capacitor leads and associated printed circuit traces connecting to chip V_{CC} and ground should be kept to less than half an inch per capacitor lead. A four-layer board employing two inner layers as V_{CC} and GND planes is recommended.

All output pins on the MPC8272 have fast rise and fall times. Printed circuit (PC) trace interconnection length should be minimized in order to minimize overdamped conditions and reflections caused by these fast output switching times. This recommendation particularly applies to the address and data buses. Maximum PC trace lengths of six inches are recommended. Capacitance calculations should consider all device loads as well as parasitic capacitances due to the PC traces. Attention to proper PCB layout and bypassing becomes especially critical in systems with higher capacitive loads because these loads create higher transient currents in the $V_{\rm CC}$ and GND circuits. Pull up all unused inputs or signals that will be inputs during reset. Special care should be taken to minimize the noise levels on the PLL supply pins.

4.7 References

Semiconductor Equipment and Materials International (415) 964-5111

805 East Middlefield Rd.

Mountain View, CA 94043

MIL-SPEC and EIA/JESD (JEDEC) Specifications 800-854-7179 or (Available from Global Engineering Documents) 303-397-7956

JEDEC Specifications http://www.jedec.org

- 1. C.E. Triplett and B. Joiner, "An Experimental Characterization of a 272 PBGA Within an Automotive Engine Controller Module," Proceedings of SemiTherm, San Diego, 1998, pp. 47–54.
- 2. B. Joiner and V. Adams, "Measurement and Simulation of Junction to Board Thermal Resistance and Its Application in Thermal Modeling," Proceedings of SemiTherm, San Diego, 1999, pp. 212–220.

5 Power Dissipation

Table 7 provides preliminary, estimated power dissipation for various configurations. Note that suitable thermal management is required to ensure the junction temperature does not exceed the maximum specified value. Also note that the I/O power should be included when determining whether to use a heat sink. For a complete list of possible clock configurations, refer to Section 7, "Clock Configuration Modes."

Table 7. Estimated Power Dissipation for Various Configurations ¹

	СРМ		CPU		P _{INT} (\	P _{INT} (W) ^{2, 3}	
Bus (MHz)	Multiplication Factor	CPM (MHz)	Multiplication Factor	CPU (MHz)	Vddl 1.	1.5 Volts	
	1 40101		1 40101		Nominal	Maximum	
66.67	3	200	4	266	0.75	0.8	
100	2	200	3	300	0.85	0.9	
100	2	200	4	400	1	1.05	

¹ Test temperature = 105° C)

6 AC Electrical Characteristics

The following sections include illustrations and tables of clock diagrams, signals, and CPM outputs and inputs for 66.67-/83.33-/100-MHz MPC8272 devices. Note that AC timings are based on a 50-pf load. Typical output buffer impedances are shown in Table 8.

Table 8. Output Buffer Impedances ¹

Output Buffers	Typical Impedance (Ω)
60x bus	45
Memory controller	45
Parallel I/O	45
PCI	25

¹ These are typical values at 65° C. Impedance may vary by ±25% with process and temperature.

6.1 CPM AC Characteristics

Table 9 lists CPM output characteristics.

² $P_{INT} = I_{DD} \times V_{DD}$ Watts

³ Values do not include I/O. Add the following estimates for active I/O based on the following bus speeds:

^{66.7} MHz = 0.35 W (nominal), 0.4 W (maximum)

^{83.3} MHz = 0.4 W (nominal), 0.5 W (maximum)

¹⁰⁰ MHz = 0.5 W (nominal), 0.6 W (maximum)

Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. AC Electrical Characteristics

Table 9. AC Characteristics for CPM Outputs ¹

Spec Number		Characteristic		Value (ns)				
Max	Min		Maximum Delay		Minimum Delay			
			66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz
sp36a	sp37a	FCC outputs—internal clock (NMSI)	6	5.5	5.5	1	1	1
sp36b	sp37b	FCC outputs—external clock (NMSI)	14	12	12	2	2	2
sp38a	sp39a	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C outputs—internal clock (NMSI)	19	16	16	1	0.5	0.5
sp38b	sp39b	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C outputs—external clock (NMSI)	19	16	16	2	2	2
sp40	sp41	TDM outputs/SI	14	12	12	5	3	3
sp42	sp43	TIMER/IDMA outputs	14	11	11	1	0.5	0.5
sp42a	sp43a	PIO outputs	14	11	11	0.5	0.5	0.5

Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.

Table 10 lists CPM input characteristics.

Table 10. AC Characteristics for CPM Inputs ¹

Spec N	lumber	Characteristic			Value	e (ns)		
Setup	Hold			Setup			Hold	
			66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz
sp16a	sp17a	FCC inputs—internal clock (NMSI)	10	8	8	0	0	0
sp16b	sp17b	FCC inputs—external clock (NMSI)	3	2.5	2.5	2	2	2
sp18a	sp19a	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C inputs—internal clock (NMSI)	20	16	16	0	0	0
sp18b	sp19b	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C inputs—external clock (NMSI)	5	4	4	2	2	2
sp20	sp21	TDM inputs/SI	7	5	5	4	3	3
sp22	sp23	PIO/TIMER/IDMA inputs	10	8	8	0.5	0.5	0.5

Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.

NOTE

Although the specifications generally reference the rising edge of the clock, the following AC timing diagrams also apply when the falling edge is the active edge.

AC Electrical Characteristics

Figure 3 shows the FCC internal clock.

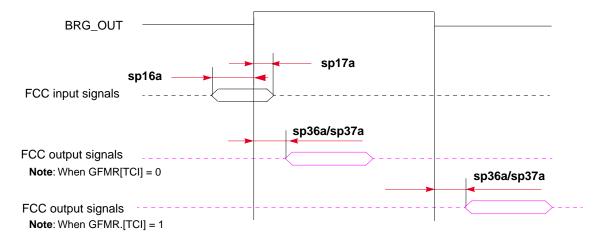


Figure 3. FCC Internal Clock Diagram

Figure 4 shows the FCC external clock.

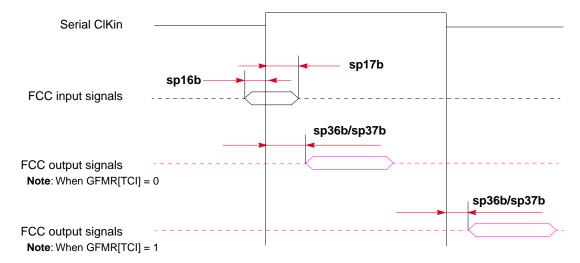
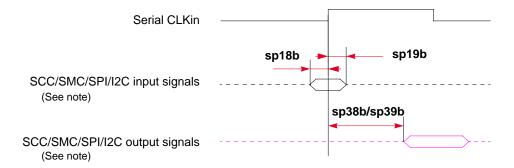


Figure 4. FCC External Clock Diagram

AC Electrical Characteristics

Figure 5 shows the SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C external clock.

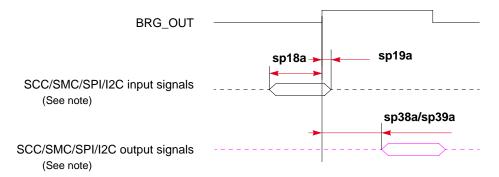


Note: There are four possible timing conditions for SCC and SPI:

- 1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
- 2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 5. SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C External Clock Diagram

Figure 6 shows the SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C internal clock.



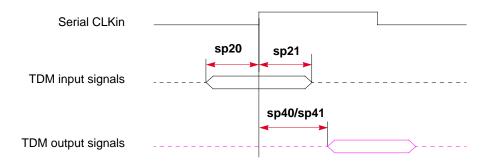
Note: There are four possible timing conditions for SCC and SPI:

- 1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
- 2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 6. SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C Internal Clock Diagram

AC Electrical Characteristics

Figure 7 shows TDM input and output signals.

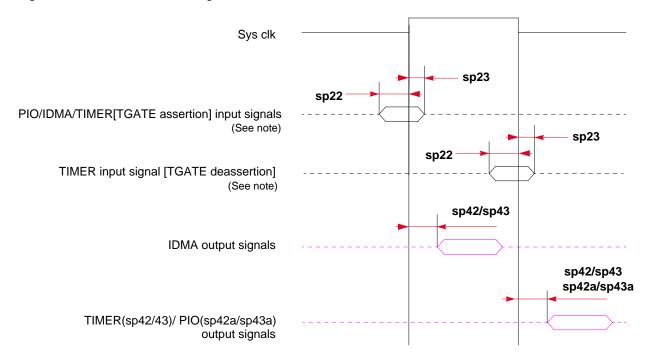


Note: There are four possible TDM timing conditions:

- 1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
- 2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
- 4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 7. TDM Signal Diagram

Figure 8 shows PIO and timer signals.



Note: TGATE is asserted on the rising edge of the clock; it is deasserted on the falling edge.

Figure 8. PIO and Timer Signal Diagram

6.2 SIU AC Characteristics

Table 11 lists SIU input characteristics.

NOTE: PCI AC Timing

The MPC8272 meets the timing requirements of *PCI Specification Revision 2.2*. Refer to Section 7, "Clock Configuration Modes" and "Note: Tval (Output Hold)" to determine if a specific clock configuration is compliant.

Table 11. AC Characteristics for SIU Inputs ¹

Spec N	umber	Characteristic			Value	e (ns)		
Setup	Hold			Setup			Hold	
			66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz
sp11	sp10	AACK/TA/TS/DBG/BG/BR	6	5	3.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp11a	sp10	ARTRY/ TEA	6	5	4	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp12	sp10	Data bus in normal mode	5	4	3.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp13	sp10	Data bus in pipeline mode	5	4	2.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp15	sp10	All other pins	5	4	3.5	0.5	0.5	0.5

Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.

Table 12 lists SIU output characteristics.

Table 12. AC Characteristics for SIU Outputs 1

Spec N	lumber	Characteristic			Value	e (ns)		
Max	Min		Max	cimum D	elay	Min	imum De	elay
			66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz
sp31	sp30	PSDVAL/TEA/TA	7	6	5.5	1	1	1
sp32	sp30	ADD/ADD_atr./BADDR/CI/GBL/WT	8	6.5	5.5	1	1	1
sp33	sp30	Data bus ²	6.5	6.5	5.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp34	sp30	Memory controller signals/ALE	6	5.5	5.5	1	1	1
sp35	sp30	All other signals	6	5.5	5.5	1	1	1

Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.

NOTE

Activating data pipelining (setting BRx[DR] in the memory controller) improves the AC timing.

Figure 9 shows the interaction of several bus signals.

 $^{^2}$ To achieve 1 ns of hold time at 66.67/83.33/100 MHZ, a minimum loading of 20 pF is required.

AC Electrical Characteristics

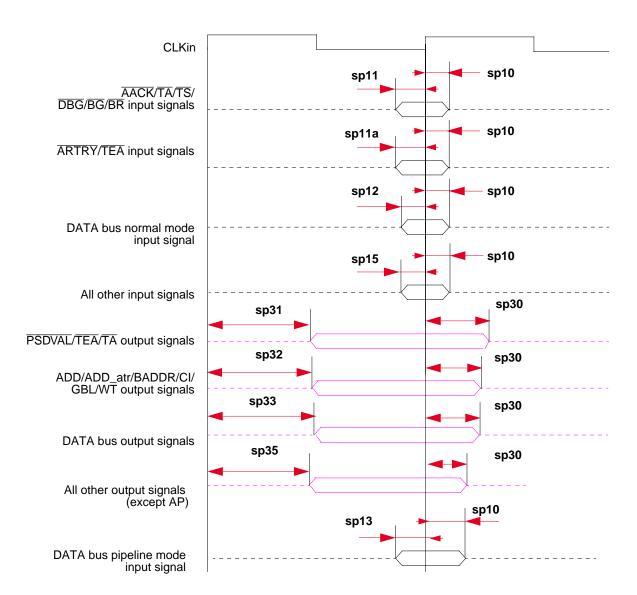


Figure 9. Bus Signals

Figure 10 shows signal behavior in MEMC mode.

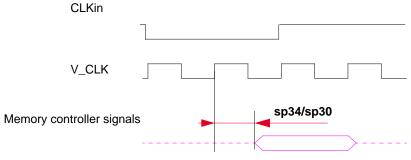


Figure 10. MEMC Mode Diagram

AC Electrical Characteristics

NOTE

Generally, all MPC8272 bus and system output signals are driven from the rising edge of the input clock (CLKin). Memory controller signals, however, trigger on four points within a CLKin cycle. Each cycle is divided by four internal ticks: T1, T2, T3, and T4. T1 always occurs at the rising edge, and T3 at the falling edge, of CLKin. However, the spacing of T2 and T4 depends on the PLL clock ratio selected, as shown in Table 13.

Table 13. Tick Spacing for Memory Controller Signals

PLL Clock Ratio	Tick Spacing (T1	Occurs at the Rising	g Edge of CLKin)
FLE GIOCK NATIO	T2	Т3	T4
1:2, 1:3, 1:4, 1:5, 1:6	1/4 CLKin	1/2 CLKin	3/4 CLKin
1:2.5	3/10 CLKin	1/2 CLKin	8/10 CLKin
1:3.5	4/14 CLKin	1/2 CLKin	11/14 CLKin

Figure 11 is a representation of the information in Table 13.

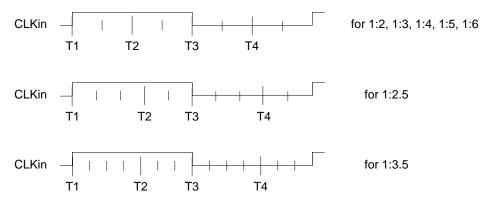


Figure 11. Internal Tick Spacing for Memory Controller Signals

NOTE

The UPM machine outputs change on the internal tick determined by the memory controller programming; the AC specifications are relative to the internal tick. Note that SDRAM and GPCM machine outputs change on CLKin's rising edge.

7 Clock Configuration Modes

As shown in Table 14, the clocking mode is set according to two sources:

- PCI_CFG[0]— An input signal. Also defined as "PCI_HOST_EN." Refer to the Chapter 6, "External Signals," and Chapter 9, "PCI Bridge," in the MPC8272 PowerQUICC IITM Family Reference Manual.
- PCI_MODCK—Bit 27 in the Hard Reset Configuration Word. Refer to Chapter 5, "Reset," in the MPC8272 PowerOUICC IITM Family Reference Manual.

Table 14. MPC8272 Clocking Modes

Pi	ns	Clocking Mode	PCI Clock Frequency	Reference
PCI_CFG[0] 1	PCI_MODCK ²	Clocking Mode	Range (MHZ)	Kelefelice
0	0	PCI host	50–66	Table 15
0	1		25–50	Table 16
1	0	PCI agent	50–66	Table 17
1	1		25–50	Table 18

PCI HOST_EN

Within each mode, the configuration of bus, core, PCI, and CPM frequencies is determined by seven bits during the power-on reset—three hardware configuration pins (MODCK[1–3]) and four bits from hardware configuration word[28–31] (MODCK_H). Both the PLLs and the dividers are set according to the selected clock operation mode as described in the following sections.

NOTE

Clock configurations change only after PORESET is asserted.

NOTE: Tval (Output Hold)

The minimum Tval = 2 when PCI_MODCK = 1, and the minimum Tval = 1 when PCI_MODCK = 0. Therefore, designers should use clock configurations that fit this condition to achieve PCI-compliant AC timing.

7.1 PCI Host Mode

Table 15 and Table 16 show configurations for PCI host mode. The frequency values listed are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's device. Note that in PCI host mode the input clock is the bus clock.

² Determines PCI clock frequency range.

Table 15. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI_MODCK=0) 1,2

Mode ³		Clock Hz)	CPM Multiplication	I	Clock Hz)	CPU Multiplication	CPU Clock CPU (MHz) PCI Multiplication Division		(MHz)			PCI Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Factor ⁴	Low	High	Factor ⁵	Low	High	Factor	Low	High		
			Defau	ılt Mod	es (MO	DCK_H=0000)				•	•		
0000_000	50.0	66.7	2	100.0	133.3	2.5	125.0	166.7	2	50.0	66.7		
0000_001	50.0	66.7	2	100.0	133.3	3	150.0	200.0	2	50.0	66.7		
0000_010	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	3	180.0	240.0	3	50.0	66.7		
0000_011	71.4	80.0	2.5	178.6	200.0	3.5	250.0	280.0	3	59.5	66.7		
0000_100	62.5	80.0	2.5	156.3	200.0	4	250.0	320.0	3	52.1	66.7		
0000_101	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3	150.0	200.0	3	50.0	66.7		
0000_110			PCI hos	t mode	(PCI_M	1ODCK=1) only	refer to	Table '	16)				
0000_111	62.5	66.7	3	187.5	200.0	4	250.0	266.6	3	62.5	66.7		
			F	ull Con	figurat	ion Modes							
0001_000	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	5	250.0	333.3	3	50.0	66.7		
0001_001	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	6	300.0	400.0	3	50.0	66.7		
0001_010	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	7	350.0	466.6	3	50.0	66.7		
0001_011	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	8	400.0	533.3	3	50.0	66.7		
											!		
0010_000	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	5	250.0	333.3	4	50.0	66.7		
0010_001	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	6	300.0	400.0	4	50.0	66.7		
0010_010	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	7	350.0	466.6	4	50.0	66.7		
0010_011	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	8	400.0	533.3	4	50.0	66.7		
	l			l	I		l		<u> </u>	l			
0010_100	75.0	100.0	4	300.0	400.0	5	375.0	500.0	6	50.0	66.7		
0010_101	75.0	100.0	4	300.0	400.0	5.5	412.5	549.9	6	50.0	66.7		
0010_110	75.0	100.0	4	300.0	400.0	6	450.0	599.9	6	50.0	66.7		
	l			l	I		l			l			
0011_000	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	5	250.0	333.3	5	50.0	66.7		
0011_001	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	6	300.0	400.0	5	50.0	66.7		
0011_010	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	7	350.0	466.6	5	50.0	66.7		
0011_011	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	8	400.0	533.3	5	50.0	66.7		
0100_000						Reserved							
0100_001	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	6	300.0	400.0	6	50.0	66.7		

Table 15. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI_MODCK=0) 1, 2 (continued)

Mode ³	1	Clock Hz)	CPM Multiplication		Clock Hz)	CPU Multiplication	CPU Clock (MHz)		PCI Division	PCI Cloc (MHz)	
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Multiplication Factor ⁴	Low	High	Factor ⁵	Low	High	Factor	Low	High
0100_010	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	7	350.0	466.6	6	50.0	66.7
0100_011	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	8	400.0	533.3	6	50.0	66.7
0101_000	50.0	66.7	2	100.0	133.3	2.5	125.0	166.7	2	50.0	66.7
0101_001	50.0	66.7	2	100.0	133.3	3	150.0	200.0	2	50.0	66.7
0101_010			PCI hos	t mode	L(PCI_N	IODCK=1) only	refer to	Table '	L 16)		
0101_011	62.5	66.7	2	125.0	133.3	4	250.0	266.6	2	62.5	66.7
0101_100	55.6	66.7	2	111.1	133.3	4.5	250.0	300.0	2	55.6	66.7
			•		-						
0101_101	83.3	111.1	3	250.0	333.3	3.5	291.7	388.9	5	50.0	66.7
0101_110	83.3	111.1	3	250.0	333.3	4	333.3	444.4	5	50.0	66.7
0101_111	83.3	111.1	3	250.0	333.3	4.5	375.0	500.0	5	50.0	66.7
	1	1	Γ	1	T	Γ	Т	т		Г	
0110_000	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	3	50.0	66.7
0110_001	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	3	180.0	240.0	3	50.0	66.7
0110_010	71.4	80.0	2.5	178.6	200.0	3.5	250.0	280.0	3	59.5	66.7
0110_011	62.5	80.0	2.5	156.3	200.0	4	250.0	320.0	3	52.1	66.7
0110_100	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	4.5	270.0	360.0	3	50.0	66.7
0110_101	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	5	300.0	400.0	3	50.0	66.7
0110_110	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	6	360.0	480.0	3	50.0	66.7
0111_000						Reserved					
0111_001	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3	150.0	200.0	3	50.0	66.7
0111_010			PCI hos			IODCK=1) only			l 16)		L
0111_011	62.5	66.7	3	187.5	`	4		266.6	3	62.5	66.7
0111_100	55.6	66.7	3	166.7	200.0	4.5	250.0		3	55.6	66.7
1000_000						Reserved					
1000_001	66.7	88.9	3	200.0	266.6	3	200.0	266.6	4	50.0	66.7
1000_010	71.4	88.9	3	214.3	266.6	3.5	250.0	311.1	4	53.6	66.7
1000_011	66.7	88.9	3	200.0	266.6	4	266.7	355.5	4	50.0	66.7

Table 15. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI_MODCK=0) 1, 2 (continued)

Mode ³	1	Sus Clock (MHz) CPM Multiplication		CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU - Multiplication -	CPU Clock (MHz)		PCI	PCI Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Factor ⁴	Low	High	Factor ⁵	Low	High	Division Factor	Low	High
1000_100	66.7	88.9	3	200.0	266.6	4.5	300.0	400.0	4	50.0	66.7
1000_101	66.7	88.9	3	200.0	266.6	6	400.0	533.3	4	50.0	66.7
1000_110	66.7	88.9	3	200.0	266.6	6.5	433.3	577.7	4	50.0	66.7
1001_000	57.1	76.2	3.5	200.0	266.6	2.5	142.9	190.5	4	50.0	66.7
1001_001	57.1	76.2	3.5	200.0	266.6	3	171.4	228.5	4	50.0	66.7
1001_010	71.4	76.2	3.5	250.0	266.6	3.5	250.0	266.6	4	62.5	66.7
1001_011	62.5	76.2	3.5	218.8	266.6	4	250.0	304.7	4	54.7	66.7
1001_100	57.1	76.2	3.5	200.0	266.6	4.5	257.1	342.8	4	50.0	66.7
1001_101	85.7	114.3	3.5	300.0	400.0	5	428.6	571.4	6	50.0	66.7
1001_110	85.7	114.3	3.5	300.0	400.0	5.5	471.4	628.5	6	50.0	66.7
1001_111	85.7	114.3	3.5	300.0	400.0	6	514.3		6	50.0	66.7
			ı				1			Г	T
1010_000	75.0	100.0	2	150.0	200.0	2	150.0	200.0	3	50.0	66.
1010_001	75.0	100.0	2	150.0	200.0	2.5	187.5	250.0	3	50.0	66.
1010_010	75.0	100.0	2	150.0	200.0	3	225.0	300.0	3	50.0	66.
1010_011	75.0	100.0	2	150.0	200.0	3.5	262.5	350.0	3	50.0	66.
1010_100	75.0	100.0	2	150.0	200.0	4	300.0	400.0	3	50.0	66.
1010_101	100.0	133.3	2	200.0	266.6	2.5	250.0	333.3	4	50.0	66.7
1010_110	100.0	133.3	2	200.0	266.6	3	300.0	400.0	4	50.0	66.
1010_111	100.0	133.3	2	200.0	266.6	3.5	350.0	466.6	4	50.0	66.7
1011_000						Reserved					
1011_001	80.0	106.7	2.5	200.0	266.6	2.5	200.0	266.6	4	50.0	66.7
1011_010	80.0	106.7	2.5	200.0	266.6	3	240.0	320.0	4	50.0	66.7
1011_011	80.0	106.7	2.5	200.0	266.6	3.5	280.0	373.3	4	50.0	66.7
1011_100	80.0	106.7	2.5	200.0	266.6	4	320.0	426.6	4	50.0	66.
1011_101	80.0	106.7	2.5	200.0	266.6	4.5	360.0	480.0	4	50.0	66.7

Clock Configuration Modes

Table 15. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI MODCK=0) 1, 2 (continued)

Mode ³		Clock Hz)	CPM Multiplication		Clock Hz)	CPU Multiplication		Clock Hz)	PCI Division		Clock Hz)
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Factor ⁴	Low	High	Factor ⁵	Low	High	Factor	Low	High
1101_000	100.0	133.3	2.5	250.0	333.3	3	300.0	400.0	5	50.0	66.7
1101_001	100.0	133.3	2.5	250.0	333.3	3.5	350.0	466.6	5	50.0	66.7
1101_010	100.0	133.3	2.5	250.0	333.3	4	400.0	533.3	5	50.0	66.7
1101_011	100.0	133.3	2.5	250.0	333.3	4.5	450.0	599.9	5	50.0	66.7
1101_100	100.0	133.3	2.5	250.0	333.3	5	500.0	666.6	5	50.0	66.7
					-						
1101_101	125.0	166.7	2	250.0	333.3	3	375.0	500.0	5	50.0	66.7
1101_110	125.0	166.7	2	250.0	333.3	4	500.0	666.6	5	50.0	66.7
1110_000	100.0	133.3	3	300.0	400.0	3.5	350.0	466.6	6	50.0	66.7
1110_001	100.0	133.3	3	300.0	400.0	4	400.0	533.3	6	50.0	66.7
1110_010	100.0	133.3	3	300.0	400.0	4.5	450.0	599.9	6	50.0	66.7
1110_011	100.0	133.3	3	300.0	400.0	5	500.0	666.6	6	50.0	66.7
1110_100	100.0	133.3	3	300.0	400.0	5.5	550.0	733.3	6	50.0	66.7
1100_000						Reserved					
1100_001						Reserved					
1100_010						Reserved					

The "low" values are the minimum allowable frequencies for a given clock mode. The minimum bus frequency guarantees the required minimum CPU operating frequency. Minimum CPU frequency is determined by the clock mode. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor ≤ 3, the minimum CPU frequency is 125 MHz or 150 MHz, as shown in the table. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor ≥ 3.5, the minimum CPU frequency is 250 MHz. The "high" values are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's device.

² PCI_MODCK determines the PCI clock frequency range. Refer to Table 16 for lower range configurations.

MODCK_H = hard reset configuration word [28–31] (refer to Section 5.4 in the MPC8260 User's Manual). MODCK[1-3] = three hardware configuration pins.

⁴ CPM multiplication factor = CPM clock/bus clock

⁵ CPU multiplication factor = Core PLL multiplication factor

Table 16. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI_MODCK=1) 1, 2

Mode ³		Clock Hz)	CPM Multiplication		Clock Hz)	CPU Multiplication		Clock Hz)	PCI Division		Clock Hz)
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Factor ⁴	Low	High	Factor ⁵	Low	High	Factor	Low	High
	•		Defau	ılt Mod	es (MO	DCK_H=0000)	•			l.	
0000_000	50.0	100.0	2	100.0	200.0	2.5	125.0	250.0	4	25.0	50.0
0000_001	50.0	100.0	2	100.0	200.0	3	150.0	300.0	4	25.0	50.0
0000_010	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	3	180.0	360.0	6	25.0	50.0
0000_011	71.4	120.0	2.5	178.6	300.0	3.5	250.0	420.0	6	29.8	50.0
0000_100	62.5	120.0	2.5	156.3	300.0	4	250.0	480.0	6	26.0	50.0
0000_101	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	3	150.0	300.0	6	25.0	50.0
0000_110	71.4	100.0	3	214.3	300.0	3.5	250.0	350.0	6	35.7	50.0
0000_111	62.5	100.0	3	187.5	300.0	4	250.0	400.0	6	31.3	50.0
	•		F	ull Con	figurat	ion Modes	•			l.	
0001_000	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	5	250.0	500.0	6	25.0	50.0
0001_001	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	6	300.0	600.0	6	25.0	50.0
0001_010	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	7	350.0	700.0	6	25.0	50.0
0001_011	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	8	400.0	800.0	6	25.0	50.0
	•			•	•		•			l.	
0010_000	50.0	100.0	4	200.0	400.0	5	250.0	500.0	8	25.0	50.0
0010_001	50.0	100.0	4	200.0	400.0	6	300.0	600.0	8	25.0	50.0
0010_010	50.0	100.0	4	200.0	400.0	7	350.0	700.0	8	25.0	50.0
0010_011	50.0	100.0	4	200.0	400.0	8	400.0	800.0	8	25.0	50.0
	•	•		•	•		•	•		ı	
0010_100	50.0	75.0	4	200.0	300.0	5	250.0	375.0	6	33.3	50.0
0010_101	45.5	75.0	4	181.8	300.0	5.5	250.0	412.5	6	30.3	50.0
0010_110	41.7	75.0	4	166.7	300.0	6	250.0	450.0	6	27.8	50.0
	•			•	•		•	•			'
0011_000	50.0	50.0	5	250.0	250.0	5	250.0	250.0	5	50.0	50.0
0011_001	41.7	50.0	5	208.3	250.0	6	250.0	300.0	5	41.7	50.0
0011_010	35.7	50.0	5	178.6	250.0	7	250.0	350.0	5	35.7	50.0
0011_011	31.3	50.0	5	156.3	250.0	8	250.0	400.0	5	31.3	50.0
	1	1	•	1	1		1	1			
0100_000						Reserved					
0100_001	41.7	50.0	6	250.0	300.0	6	250.0	300.0	6	41.7	50.0
		_			_						

Go to: www.freescale.com

Table 16. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI_MODCK=1) 1, 2 (continued)

Mode ³		Clock Hz)	CPM Multiplication		Clock Hz)	CPU Multiplication		Clock Hz)	PCI Division		Clock Hz)
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Factor ⁴	Low	High	Factor ⁵	Low	High	Factor	Low	High
0100_010	35.7	50.0	6	214.3	300.0	7	250.0	350.0	6	35.7	50.0
0100_011	31.3	50.0	6	187.5	300.0	8	250.0	400.0	6	31.3	50.0
0101_000	50.0	100.0	2	100.0	200.0	2.5	125.0	250.0	4	25.0	50.0
0101_001	50.0	100.0	2	100.0	200.0	3	150.0	300.0	4	25.0	50.0
0101_010	71.4	100.0	2	142.9	200.0	3.5	250.0	350.0	4	35.7	50.0
0101_011	62.5	100.0	2	125.0	200.0	4	250.0	400.0	4	31.3	50.0
0101_100	55.6	100.0	2	111.1	200.0	4.5	250.0	450.0	4	27.8	50.0
0101_101	71.4	83.3	3	214.3	250.0	3.5	250.0	291.7	5	42.9	50.0
0101_110	62.5	83.3	3	187.5	250.0	4	250.0	333.3	5	37.5	50.0
0101_111	55.6	83.3	3	166.7	250.0	4.5	250.0		5	33.3	50.0
0110 000	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	6	25.0	50.0
0110_000	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	3	180.0	360.0	6	25.0	50.0
0110_001	71.4	120.0	2.5	178.6	300.0	3.5	250.0		6	29.8	50.0
0110_010	62.5	120.0	2.5	156.3	300.0	4	250.0		6	26.0	50.0
0110_011	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	4.5	270.0		6	25.0	50.0
0110_101	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	5	300.0		6	25.0	50.0
0110_110	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	6	360.0		6	25.0	50.0
0111_000		T	Г	ı	ı	Reserved	Т	Г	T	Г	T.
0111_001	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	3	150.0		6	25.0	50.0
0111_010	71.4	100.0	3	214.3	300.0	3.5	250.0		6	35.7	50.0
0111_011	62.5	100.0	3	187.5	300.0	4	250.0		6	31.3	50.0
0111_100	55.6	100.0	3	166.7	300.0	4.5	250.0	450.0	6	27.8	50.0
1000_000						Reserved					
1000_001	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	3	200.0	400.0	8	25.0	50.0
1000_010	71.4	133.3	3	214.3	400.0	3.5	250.0	466.7	8	26.8	50.0
1000_011	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	4	266.7	533.3	8	25.0	50.0
			l			l					

Table 16. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI_MODCK=1) 1, 2 (continued)

Mode ³	Bus Clock (MHz)		CPM (MHz) Multiplication		CPU Multiplication	CPU Clock (MHz)		PCI Division	PCI Clock (MHz)		
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Factor ⁴	Low	High	Factor ⁵	Low	High	Factor	Low	High
1000_100	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	4.5	300.0	600.0	8	25.0	50.0
1000_101	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	6	400.0	800.0	8	25.0	50.0
1000_110	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	6.5	433.3	866.7	8	25.0	50.0
1001_000						Reserved					
1001_001						Reserved					
1001_010	71.4	114.3	3.5	250.0	400.0	3.5	250.0	400.0	8	31.3	50.0
1001_011	62.5	114.3	3.5	218.8	400.0	4	250.0	457.1	8	27.3	50.0
1001_100	57.1	114.3	3.5	200.0	400.0	4.5	257.1	514.3	8	25.0	50.0
1001_101	50.0	85.7	3.5	175.0	300.0	5	250.0	428.6	6	29.2	50.0
1001_110	45.5	85.7	3.5	159.1	300.0	5.5	250.0	471.4	6	26.5	50.0
1001_111	42.9	85.7	3.5	150.0	300.0	6	257.1	514.3	6	25.0	50.0
								I			I
1010_000	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	2	150.0	300.0	6	25.0	50.0
1010_001	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	2.5	187.5	375.0	6	25.0	50.0
1010_010	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	3	225.0	450.0	6	25.0	50.0
1010_011	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	3.5	262.5	525.0	6	25.0	50.0
1010_100	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	4	300.0	600.0	6	25.0	50.0
1010_101	100.0	200.0	2	200.0	400.0	2.5	250.0	500.0	8	25.0	50.0
1010_110	100.0	200.0	2	200.0	400.0	3	300.0	600.0	8	25.0	50.0
1010_111	100.0	200.0	2	200.0	400.0	3.5	350.0	700.0	8	25.0	50.0
1011_000						Reserved					
1011_001	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	8	25.0	50.0
1011_010	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	3	240.0		8	25.0	50.0
1011_011	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	3.5	280.0		8	25.0	50.0
1011_100	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	4	320.0		8	25.0	50.0
1011_101	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	4.5	360.0		8	25.0	50.0
1101_000	50.0	100.0	2.5	125.0	250.0	3	150.0	300.0	5	25.0	50.0

Clock Configuration Modes

Table 16. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI MODCK=1) 1, 2 (continued)

Mode ³	1	Clock Hz)	CPM Multiplication		Clock Hz)	CPU - Multiplication - Factor ⁵	CPU Clock (MHz)		PCI Division	PCI Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Factor ⁴	Low	High		Low	High	Factor	Low	High
1101_001	71.4	100.0	2.5	178.6	250.0	3.5	250.0	350.0	5	35.7	50.0
1101_010	62.5	100.0	2.5	156.3	250.0	4	250.0	400.0	5	31.3	50.0
1101_011	55.6	100.0	2.5	138.9	250.0	4.5	250.0	450.0	5	27.8	50.0
1101_100	50.0	100.0	2.5	125.0	250.0	5	250.0	500.0	5	25.0	50.0
					•						
1101_101	62.5	125.0	2	125.0	250.0	3	187.5	375.0	5	25.0	50.0
1101_110	62.5	125.0	2	125.0	250.0	4	250.0	500.0	5	25.0	50.0
					•						
1110_000	71.4	100.0	3	214.3	300.0	3.5	250.0	350.0	6	35.7	50.0
1110_001	62.5	100.0	3	187.5	300.0	4	250.0	400.0	6	31.3	50.0
1110_010	55.6	100.0	3	166.7	300.0	4.5	250.0	450.0	6	27.8	50.0
1110_011	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	5	250.0	500.0	6	25.0	50.0
1110_100	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	5.5	275.0	550.0	6	25.0	50.0
	•			•	•						•
1100_000						Reserved					
1100_001						Reserved					
1100_010						Reserved					

The "low" values are the minimum allowable frequencies for a given clock mode. The minimum bus frequency guarantees the required minimum CPU operating frequency. Minimum CPU frequency is determined by the clock mode. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor ≤ 3, the minimum CPU frequency is 125 MHz or 150 MHz, as shown in the table. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor ≥ 3.5, the minimum CPU frequency is 250 MHz. The "high" values are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's device.

7.2 PCI Agent Mode

Table 17 and Table 18 show configurations for PCI agent mode. The frequency values listed are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's device. Note that in PCI agent mode the input clock is PCI clock.

² PCI MODCK determines the PCI clock frequency range. Refer to Table 15 for higher range configurations.

MODCK_H = hard reset configuration word [28–31] (refer to Section 5.4 in the MPC8260 User's Manual). MODCK[1-3] = three hardware configuration pins.

⁴ CPM multiplication factor = CPM clock/bus clock

⁵ CPU multiplication factor = Core PLL multiplication factor

Clock Configuration Modes

Table 17. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI_MODCK=0) 1, 2

Mode ³	PCI Clock (MHz)		CPM	1	Clock Hz)	CPU Multiplication		Clock Hz)	Bus Division	Bus Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Multiplication Factor ⁴	Low	High	Eactor 5	Low	High	Factor	Low	High
			Defa	ult Mod	les (MC	DCK_H=0000	l	1		l.	ı
0000_000	50.0	66.7	2	100.0	133.3	2.5	125.0	166.7	2	50.0	66.7
0000_001	50.0	66.7	2	100.0	133.3	3	150.0	200.0	2	50.0	66.7
0000_010	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3	150.0	200.0	3	50.0	66.7
0000_011	62.5	66.7	3	187.5	200.0	4	250.0	266.6	3	62.5	66.7
0000_100	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3	180.0	240.0	2.5	60.0	80.0
0000_101	59.5	66.7	3	178.6	200.0	3.5	250.0	280.0	2.5	71.4	80.0
0000_110	53.6	66.7	4	214.3	266.6	3.5	250.0	311.1	3	71.4	88.9
0000_111	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	3	240.0	320.0	2.5	80.0	106.7
			F	ull Con	figurat	ion Modes	•			'	
0001_001						Reserved					
0001_010						Reserved					
0001_011						Reserved					
0001_100	62.5	66.7	2	125.0	133.3	8	250.0	266.6	4	31.3	33.3
	ı	l	I		ı	I		l	l	l	
0010_001	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3	180.0	240.0	2.5	60.0	80.0
0010_010	59.5	66.7	3	178.6	200.0	3.5	250.0	280.0	2.5	71.4	80.0
0010_011	52.1	66.7	3	156.3	200.0	4	250.0	320.0	2.5	62.5	80.0
0010_100	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	4.5	270.0	360.0	2.5	60.0	80.0
											•
0011_000						Reserved					
0011_001						Reserved					
0011_010						Reserved					
0011_011						Reserved					
0011_100						Reserved					
0100_000						Reserved					
0100_001	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3	150.0	200.0	3	50.0	66.7
0100_010						Reserved					
0100_011	62.5	66.7	3	187.5	200.0	4	250.0	266.6	3	62.5	66.7

Table 17. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI_MODCK=0) 1, 2 (continued)

Mode ³	I	Clock Hz)	CPM Multiplication	1	Clock Hz)	CPU Multiplication		Clock Hz)	Bus Division	I	Clock Hz)
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Factor ⁴	Low	High	Factor ⁵	Low	High	Factor	Low	High
0100_100	55.6	66.7	3	166.7	200.0	4.5	250.0	300.0	3	55.6	66.7
0101_000	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	2.5	250.0	333.3	2.5	100.0	133.3
0101_001	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	3	300.0	400.0	2.5	100.0	133.3
0101_010	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	3.5	350.0	466.6	2.5	100.0	133.3
0101_011	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	4	400.0	533.3	2.5	100.0	133.3
0101_100	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	4.5	450.0	599.9	2.5	100.0	133.3
0101_101	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	5	500.0	666.6	2.5	100.0	133.3
0101_110	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	5.5	550.0	733.3	2.5	100.0	133.3
	•			•	•						
0110_000						Reserved					
0110_001	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	3	200.0	266.6	3	66.7	88.9
0110_010	53.6	66.7	4	214.3	266.6	3.5	250.0	311.1	3	71.4	88.9
0110_011	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	4	266.7	355.5	3	66.7	88.9
0110_100	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	4.5	300.0	400.0	3	66.7	88.9
		•	•				•	•	•	•	•
0111_000	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	2	150.0	200.0	2	75.0	100.0
0111_001	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	2.5	187.5	250.0	2	75.0	100.0
0111_010	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3	225.0	300.0	2	75.0	100.0
0111_011	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3.5	262.5	350.0	2	75.0	100.0
1000_000						Reserved					
1000_001	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	2.5	60.0	80.0
1000_010	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3	180.0	240.0	2.5	60.0	80.0
1000_011	59.5	66.7	3	178.6	200.0	3.5	250.0	280.0	2.5	71.4	80.0
1000_100	52.1	66.7	3	156.3	200.0	4	250.0	320.0	2.5	62.5	80.0
1000_101	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	4.5	270.0	360.0	2.5	60.0	80.0
1001_000						Reserved					
1001_001						Reserved					
1001_010						Reserved					

Table 17. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI_MODCK=0) 1, 2 (continued)

Mode ³		Clock Hz)	CPM - Multiplication -	_	Clock Hz)	CPU Multiplication		Clock Hz)	Bus Division		Clock Hz)
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Factor ⁴	Low	High	Factor 5	Low	High	Factor	Low	High
1001_011	62.5	66.7	4	250.0	266.6	4	250.0	266.6	4	62.5	66.7
1001_100	55.6	66.7	4	222.2	266.6	4.5	250.0	300.0	4	55.6	66.7
1010_000						Reserved					
1010_001	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	3	200.0	266.6	3	66.7	88.9
1010_010	53.6	66.7	4	214.3	266.6	3.5	250.0	311.1	3	71.4	88.9
1010_011	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	4	266.7	355.5	3	66.7	88.9
1010_100	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	4.5	300.0	400.0	3	66.7	88.9
			•								
1011_000						Reserved					
1011_001	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	2.5	200.0	266.6	2.5	80.0	106.7
1011_010	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	3	240.0	320.0	2.5	80.0	106.7
1011_011	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	3.5	280.0	373.3	2.5	80.0	106.7
1011_100	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	4	320.0	426.6	2.5	80.0	106.7
1011_101	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	2.5	250.0	333.3	2	100.0	133.3
1011_110	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	3	300.0	400.0	2	100.0	133.3
1011_111	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	3.5	350.0	466.6	2	100.0	133.3
1100_101	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	4	400.0	533.3	3	100.0	133.3
1100_110	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	4.5	450.0	599.9	3	100.0	
1100_111	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	5	500.0	666.6	3		133.3
1101_000	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	5.5	550.0	733.3	3	100.0	
1101_001	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	3.5	420.0	559.9	2.5	120.0	160.0
1101_010	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	4	480.0	639.9	2.5	120.0	160.0
1101_011	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	4.5	540.0	719.9	2.5	120.0	160.0
1101_100	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	5	600.0	799.9	2.5	120.0	160.0
1110_000	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	2.5	312.5	416.6	2	125.0	166.7
1110_001	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	3	375.0	500.0	2	125.0	166.7

Clock Configuration Modes

Table 17. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI MODCK=0) 1, 2 (continued)

Mode ³		Clock Hz)	CPM Multiplication	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication	CPU Clock (MHz)		Bus Division	Bus Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Factor ⁴	Low	High	Factor ⁵	Low	High	Factor	Low	High
1110_010	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	3.5	437.5	583.3	2	125.0	166.7
1110_011	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	4	500.0	666.6	2	125.0	166.7
	•			•	•				•	•	•
1110_100	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	4	333.3	444.4	3	83.3	111.1
1110_101	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	4.5	375.0	500.0	3	83.3	111.1
1110_110	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	5	416.7	555.5	3	83.3	111.1
1110_111	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	5.5	458.3	611.1	3	83.3	111.1
1100_000						Reserved					
1100_001				Reserved							
1100_010						Reserved					

The "low" values are the minimum allowable frequencies for a given clock mode. The minimum bus frequency guarantees the required minimum CPU operating frequency. Minimum CPU frequency is determined by the clock mode. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor ≤ 3, the minimum CPU frequency is 125 MHz or 150 MHz, as shown in the table. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor ≥ 3.5, the minimum CPU frequency is 250 MHz. The "high" values are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's device.

- ² PCI MODCK determines the PCI clock frequency range. Refer to Table 18 for lower range configurations.
- MODCK_H = hard reset configuration word [28–31] (refer to Section 5.4 in the MPC8260 User's Manual). MODCK[1-3] = three hardware configuration pins.
- ⁴ CPM multiplication factor = CPM clock/bus clock
- ⁵ CPU multiplication factor = Core PLL multiplication factor

Table 18. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI MODCK=1) 1,2

Mode ³	PCI (Clock Hz)	CPM Multiplication – Factor ⁴	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication	CPU Clock (MHz)		Bus - Division	Bus Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High		Low	High	Factor ⁵	Low	High	Factor	Low	High
			Defau	ılt Mod	es (MO	DCK_H=0000)					
0000_000	25.0	50.0	4	100.0	200.0	2.5	125.0	250.0	2	50.0	100.0
0000_001	25.0	50.0	4	100.0	200.0	3	150.0	300.0	2	50.0	100.0
0000_010	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3	150.0	300.0	3	50.0	100.0
0000_011	31.3	50.0	6	187.5	300.0	4	250.0	400.0	3	62.5	100.0
0000_100	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3	180.0	360.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
0000_101	29.8	50.0	6	178.6	300.0	3.5	250.0	420.0	2.5	71.4	120.0

Table 18. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI_MODCK=1) 1, 2 (continued)

Mode ³	PCI (Clock Hz)	CPM Multiplication		Clock Hz)	CPU Multiplication		Clock Hz)	Bus Division	Bus Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Factor ⁴	Low	High	Factor ⁵	Low	High	Factor	Low	High
0000_110	26.8	50.0	8	214.3	400.0	3.5	250.0	466.7	3	71.4	133.3
0000_111	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	3	240.0	480.0	2.5	80.0	160.0
		·	F	ull Con	figurat	ion Modes	!	1.		1.	
0001_001	50.0	50.0	4	200.0	200.0	5	250.0	250.0	4	50.0	50.0
0001_010	41.7	50.0	4	166.7	200.0	6	250.0	300.0	4	41.7	50.0
0001_011	35.7	50.0	4	142.9	200.0	7	250.0	350.0	4	35.7	50.0
0001_100	31.3	50.0	4	125.0	200.0	8	250.0	400.0	4	31.3	50.0
								I		I	
0010_001	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3	180.0	360.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
0010_010	29.8	50.0	6	178.6	300.0	3.5	250.0	420.0	2.5	71.4	120.0
0010_011	26.0	50.0	6	156.3	300.0	4	250.0	480.0	2.5	62.5	120.0
0010_100	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	4.5	270.0	540.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
0011 000						Reserved					
0011_001	31.3	50.0	4	125.0	200.0	2.5	104.3	166.7	3	41.7	66.7
0011_010						Reserved					
0011_011	46.9	50.0	4	187.5	200.0	4	250.0	266.7	3	62.5	66.7
0011_100	41.7	50.0	4	166.7	200.0	4.5	250.0	300.0	3	55.6	66.7
									1		
0100_000		Г				Reserved		ı		Γ	
0100_001	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3	150.0	300.0	3	50.0	100.0
0100_010	35.7	50.0	6	214.3	300.0	3.5	250.0	350.0	3	71.4	100.0
0100_011	31.3	50.0	6	187.5	300.0	4	250.0	400.0	3	62.5	100.0
0100_100	27.8	50.0	6	166.7	300.0	4.5	250.0	450.0	3	55.6	100.0
	I	Γ	Γ	ı	ı		Ι				ı
0101_000	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	2.5		250.0	2.5	50.0	100.0
0101_001	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	3	150.0	300.0	2.5	50.0	100.0
0101_010	35.7	50.0	5	178.6	250.0	3.5	250.0	350.0	2.5	71.4	100.0
0101_011	31.3	50.0	5	156.3	250.0	4	250.0	400.0	2.5	62.5	100.0
0101_100	27.8	50.0	5	138.9	250.0	4.5	250.0	450.0	2.5	55.6	100.0
0101_101	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	5	250.0	500.0	2.5	50.0	100.0

Table 18. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI_MODCK=1) 1, 2 (continued)

MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3] 0101_110 0110_000 0110_001 0110_010 0110_011 0110_100	25.0 25.0 26.8 25.0 25.0	50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0	Multiplication Factor 4 5 8 8 8 8	200.0 214.3 200.0	High 250.0 400.0 400.0	Multiplication Factor 5 5.5 Reserved 3	Low 275.0	High 550.0	Division Factor	Low 50.0	High 100.0
0110_000 0110_001 0110_010 0110_011	25.0 26.8 25.0 25.0	50.0 50.0 50.0	8 8 8	200.0	400.0	Reserved 3					
0110_001 0110_010 0110_011	26.8 25.0 25.0	50.0	8	214.3	400.0	3	200.0	400.0	3	66.7	
0110_001 0110_010 0110_011	26.8 25.0 25.0	50.0	8	214.3	400.0	3	200.0	400.0	2	00.7	
0110_010 0110_011	26.8 25.0 25.0	50.0	8	214.3	400.0		200.0	400.0	3	00.7	
0110_011	25.0 25.0	50.0	8				1		3	66.7	133.3
	25.0		_	200.0		3.5	250.0	466.7	3	71.4	133.3
0110_100		50.0	8		400.0	4	266.7	533.3	3	66.7	133.3
	25.0			200.0	400.0	4.5	300.0	600.0	3	66.7	133.3
0111_000		50.0	6	150.0	300.0	2	150.0	300.0	2	75.0	150.0
0111_001	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	2.5	187.5		2	75.0	150.0
0111_010	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3	225.0	450.0	2	75.0	150.0
0111_011	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3.5	262.5		2	75.0	150.0
	·		1								
1000_000						Reserved					
1000_001	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
1000_010	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3	180.0	360.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
1000_011	29.8	50.0	6	178.6	300.0	3.5	250.0	420.0	2.5	71.4	120.0
1000_100	26.0	50.0	6	156.3	300.0	4	250.0	480.0	2.5	62.5	120.0
1000_101	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	4.5	270.0	540.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
1001_000						Reserved					
1001_001						Reserved					
1001_010						Reserved					
1001_011	31.3	50.0	8	250.0	400.0	4	250.0	400.0	4	62.5	100.0
1001_100	27.8	50.0	8	222.2	400.0	4.5	250.0		4	55.6	100.0
				1	1		1				L
1010_000						Reserved					
1010_001	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	3	200.0	400.0	3	66.7	133.3
1010_010	26.8	50.0	8	214.3	400.0	3.5	250.0	466.7	3	71.4	133.3
1010_011	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	4	266.7	533.3	3	66.7	133.3
1010_100	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	4.5	300.0	600.0	3	66.7	133.3

Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. Clock Configuration Modes

Table 18. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI_MODCK=1) 1, 2 (continued)

Mode ³	PCI Clock (MHz)			CPM Clock (MHz)				Clock Hz)	Bus Division		Clock Hz)
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Factor ⁴	Low	Factor ⁵	Low	High	Factor	Low	High	
1011_000						Reserved					
1011_001	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	2.5	80.0	160.0
1011_010	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	3	240.0	480.0	2.5	80.0	160.0
1011_011	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	3.5	280.0	560.0	2.5	80.0	160.0
1011_100	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	4	320.0	640.0	2.5	80.0	160.0
1011_101	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	2.5	250.0	500.0	2	100.0	200.0
1011_110	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	3	300.0		2	100.0	200.0
1011_111	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	3.5	350.0		2	100.0	200.0
					1						I.
1100_101	31.3	50.0	6	187.5	300.0	4	250.0	400.0	3	62.5	100.0
1100_110	27.8	50.0	6	166.7	300.0	4.5	250.0	450.0	3	55.6	100.0
1100_111	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	5	250.0	500.0	3	50.0	100.0
1101_000	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	5.5	275.0	550.0	3	50.0	100.0
1101_001	29.8	50.0	6	178.6	300.0	3.5	250.0	420.0	2.5	71.4	120.0
1101_010	26.0	50.0	6	156.3	300.0	4	250.0	480.0	2.5	62.5	120.0
1101_011	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	4.5	270.0	540.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
1101_100	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	5	300.0	600.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
		г	Г	ı	1	Γ	Т	Г		Г	
1110_000	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	2.5	156.3	312.5	2	62.5	125.0
1110_001	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	3	187.5	375.0	2	62.5	125.0
1110_010	28.6	50.0	5	142.9	250.0	3.5	250.0	437.5	2	71.4	125.0
1110_011	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	4	250.0	500.0	2	62.5	125.0
1110_100	37.5	50.0	5	187.5	250.0	4	250.0	333.3	3	62.5	83.3
1110_100	33.3	50.0	5	166.7	250.0	4.5		375.0	3	55.6	83.3
1110_101	30.0	50.0	5	150.0	250.0	5		416.7	3	50.0	83.3
1110_111	27.3	50.0	5	136.4		5.5		458.3	3	45.5	83.3

Clock Configuration Modes

Table 18. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI MODCK=1) 1, 2 (continued)

Mode ³		Clock Hz)	CPM Multiplication	_	Clock Hz)	CPU Multiplication		Clock Hz)	Bus Division		Clock Hz)
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High	Factor ⁴	Low	High	Factor ⁵	Low	High	Factor	Low	High
1100_000		Reserved									
1100_001		Reserved									
1100_010		Reserved									

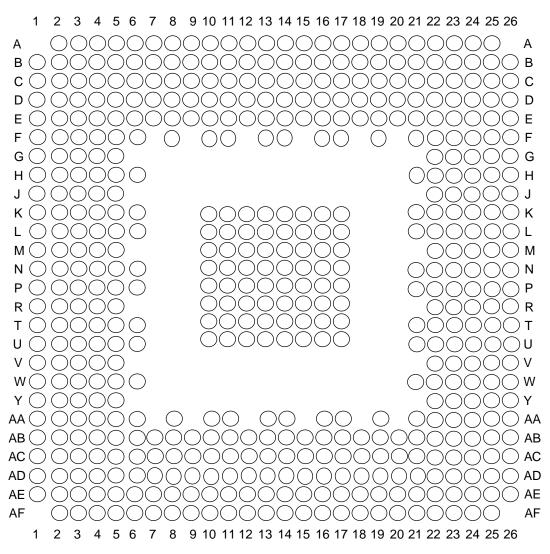
¹ The "low" values are the minimum allowable frequencies for a given clock mode. The minimum bus frequency guarantees the required minimum CPU operating frequency. Minimum CPU frequency is determined by the clock mode. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor ≤ 3, the minimum CPU frequency is 125 MHz or 150 MHz, as shown in the table. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor ≥ 3.5, the minimum CPU frequency is 250 MHz. The "high" values are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user's device.

- ² PCI_MODCK determines the PCI clock frequency range. Refer to Table 17 for higher range configurations.
- MODCK_H = hard reset configuration word [28–31] (refer to Section 5.4 in the MPC8260 User's Manual). MODCK[1-3] = three hardware configuration pins.
- ⁴ CPM multiplication factor = CPM clock/bus clock
- ⁵ CPU multiplication factor = Core PLL multiplication factor

8 Pinout

The figure and table below show the pin assignments and pinout for the 516 PBGA package.

Figure 12 shows the pinout of the 516 PBGA package as viewed from the top surface.



Not to Scale

Figure 12. Pinout of the 516 PBGA Package (View from Top)

Go to: www.freescale.com

Pinout

Table 19 shows the pinout of the MPC8272. Note that the pins in the 'MPC8272/8271 only" column relate to Utopia functionality.

Table 19. Pinout

Pin t	Pin Name				
MPC8272/MPC8248 and MPC8271/MPC8247	MPC8272/MPC8271 only	Ball			
BR		A19			
BG/IRQ6		D2			
ABB/IRQ2		C1			
TS		D1			
A0		A3			
A1		B5			
A2		D8			
A3		C6			
A4		A4			
A5		A6			
A6		B6			
A7		C7			
A8		B7			
A9	A9				
A10		D9			
A11		E11			
A12		C9			
A13		В9			
A14		D11			
A15		A9			
A16		B10			
A17		A10			
A18		B11			
A19		A11			
A20		D12			
A21		A12			
A22		D13			
A23		B13			
A24		C13			
A25		C14			

MPC8272/MPC8247 MPC8272/MPC8271 only Ball A26 B14 A27 D14 A28 E114 A29 A14 A30 B15 A31 A15 TT0 B3 TT1 E8 TT2 D7 TT3 C4 TT4 E7 TBST E3 TSIZ0 E4 TSIZ1 E5 TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R6 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1 D11 N6	Pin N		
A27 D14 A28 E14 A29 A14 A30 B15 A31 A15 TT0 B3 TT1 E8 TT2 D7 TT3 C4 TT4 E7 TBST E3 TSIZ0 E4 TSIZ1 E5 TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R6 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1		MPC8272/MPC8271 only	Ball
A28 E14 A29 A14 A30 B15 A31 A15 TT0 B3 TT1 E8 TT2 D7 TT3 C4 TT4 E7 TBST E3 TSIZ0 E4 TSIZ1 E6 TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R6 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	A26		B14
A29 A14 A30 B15 A31 A15 TT0 B3 TT1 E8 TT2 D7 TT3 C4 TT4 E7 TBST E3 TSIZ0 E4 TSIZ1 E5 TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/RQ7 F16 DBB/RQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	A27		D14
A30 B15 A31 A15 TT0 B3 TT1 E8 TT2 D7 TT3 C4 TT4 E7 TBST E3 TSIZ0 E4 TSIZ1 E5 TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/RQ7 F16 DBB/RQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	A28		E14
A31 A15 TT0 B3 TT1 E8 TT2 D7 TT3 C4 TT4 E7 TBST E3 TSIZ0 E4 TSIZ1 E5 TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBE/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	A29		A14
TTO B3 TT1 E8 TT2 D7 TT3 C4 TT4 E7 TBST E3 TSIZ0 E4 TSIZ1 E5 TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D6 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	A30		B15
TT1 E8 TT2 D7 TT3 C4 TT4 E7 TBST E3 TSIZ0 E4 TSIZ1 E5 TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	A31		A15
TT2 D7 TT3 C4 TT4 E7 TBST E3 TSIZ0 E4 TSIZ1 E5 TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	тто		В3
TT3 C4 TT4 E7 TBST E3 TSIZ0 E4 TSIZ1 E5 TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	TT1		E8
TT4 E7 TBST E3 TSIZ0 E4 TSIZ1 E5 TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	TT2		D7
TBST E3 TSIZ0 E4 TSIZ1 E5 TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	TT3		C4
TSIZ0 E4 TSIZ1 E5 TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	TT4		E7
TSIZ1 E5 TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	TBST		E3
TSIZ2 C3 TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	TSIZ0		E4
TSIZ3 D5 AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	TSIZ1		E5
AACK D3 ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	TSIZ2		C3
ARTRY C2 DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	TSIZ3		D5
DBG/IRQ7 F16 DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	AACK		D3
DBB/IRQ3 D18 D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	ARTRY		C2
D0 AC1 D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	DBG/IRQ7		F16
D1 AA1 D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	DBB/IRQ3		D18
D2 V3 D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	D0		AC1
D3 R5 D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	D1		AA1
D4 P4 D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	D2		V3
D5 M4 D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	D3		R5
D6 J4 D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	D4		P4
D7 G1 D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	D5		M4
D8 W6 D9 Y3 D10 V1	D6		J4
D9 Y3 D10 V1	D7		G1
D10 V1	D8		W6
	D9		Y3
D11 N6	D10		V1
	D11		N6

Pin N		
MPC8272/MPC8248 and MPC8271/MPC8247	MPC8272/MPC8271 only	Ball
D12		P3
D13		M2
D14		J5
D15		G3
D16		AB3
D17		Y1
D18		T4
D19		T3
D20		P2
D21		M1
D22		J1
D23		G4
D24		AB2
D25		W4
D26		V2
D27		T1
D28		N5
D29		L1
D30		H1
D31		G5
D32		W5
D33		W2
D34		T5
D35		T2
D36		N1
D37		K3
D38		H2
D39		F1
D40		AA2
D41		W1
D42		U3
D43		R2

Pin N		
MPC8272/MPC8248 and MPC8271/MPC8247	MPC8272/MPC8271 only	Ball
D44		N2
D45		L2
D46		H4
D47		F2
D48		AB1
D49		U4
D50		U1
D51		R3
D52		N3
D53		K2
D54		H5
D55		F4
D56		AA3
D57		U5
D58		U2
D59		P5
D60		M3
D61		K4
D62		H3
D63		E1
IRQ3/CKSTP_OUT/EXT_BR3		B16
IRQ4/CORE_SRESET/EXT_BG3		C15
IRQ5/TBEN/EXT_DBG3/CINT		Y4
PSDVAL		C19
TA		AA4
TEA	AB6	
GBL/IRQ1	D15	
CI/BADDR29/IRQ2	D16	
WT/BADDR30/IRQ3	C16	
BADDR31/IRQ5/CINT	E17	
CPU_BR/INT_OUT		B20
CS0		AE6

Pin N		
MPC8272/MPC8248 and MPC8271/MPC8247	MPC8272/MPC8271 only	Ball
CS1		AD7
CS2		AF5
CS3		AC8
CS4		AF6
CS5		AD8
CS6/BCTL1/SMI		AC9
CS7/TLBISYNC		AB9
BADDR27/ĪRQ1		AB8
BADDR28/ĪRQ2		AC7
ALE/ĪRQ4		AF4
BCTL0		AF3
PWE0/PSDDQM0/PBS0		AD6
PWE1/PSDDQM1/PBS1		AE5
PWE2/PSDDQM2/PBS2		AE3
PWE3/PSDDQM3/PBS3		AF2
PWE4/PSDDQM4/PBS4		AC6
PWE5/PSDDQM5/PBS5		AC5
PWE6/PSDDQM6/PBS6		AD4
PWE7/PSDDQM7/PBS7		AB5
PSDA10/PGPL0		AE2
PSDWE/PGPL1		AD3
POE/PSDRAS/PGPL2		AB4
PSDCAS/PGPL3		AC3
PGTA/PUPMWAIT/PGPL4		AD2
PSDAMUX/PGPL5	AC2	
PCI_MODE 1	AD221	
PCI_CFG0 (PCI_HOST_EN)	AC21	
PCI_CFG1 (PCI_ARB_EN)	AE22	
PCI_CFG2 (DLL_ENABLE)	AE23	
PCI_ PAR	AF12	
PCI_FRAME		AD15
PCI_TRDY		AF16

Table 19. Pinout (continued)

MPC8272/MPC8248 and MPC8271/MPC8247 MPC8272/MPC8271 only Ball MPC8271/MPC8247 PCI_RDY AF15 PCI_STOP AE15 PCI_DEVSEL AE14 PCI_DEVSEL AC17 PCI_DERR AD14 PCI_PERR AD14 PCI_SERR AD14 PCI_SEGO AE20 PCI_REGO / AE20 AE14 PCI_GNTO AD20 PCI_GNTO / AD20 AE13 PCI_GNT2/CPCI_HS_LED AE13 PCI_GNT2/CPCI_HS_ENUM AF21 PCI_RST AF22 PCI_NTA AE21 PCI_REQ AB14 DLLOUT AC22 PCI_AD0 AF7 PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 </th <th>Pin N</th> <th></th>	Pin N		
PCI_STOP AE15 PCI_DEVSEL AE14 PCI_DEVSEL AC17 PCI_DESEL AC17 PCI_PERR AD14 PCI_SERR AD13 PCI_REQ0 AE20 PCI_REQ1/CPCI_HS_ES AF14 PCI_GNT0 AD20 PCI_GNT1/CPCI_HS_LED AE13 PCI_GRT2/CPCI_HS_ENUM AF21 PCI_RST AF22 PCI_INTA AE21 PCI_REQ2 AB14 DLLOUT AC22 PCI_AD0 AF7 PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12		MPC8272/MPC8271 only	Ball
PCI_DEVSEL AE14 PCI_DESEL AC17 PCI_PERR AD14 PCI_SERR AD13 PCI_REQO AE20 PCI_REQT/CPCL_HS_ES AF14 PCI_GNTO AD20 PCI_GNTI/CPCI_HS_LED AE13 PCI_GNT2/CPCI_HS_ENUM AF21 PCI_RST AF22 PCI_INTA AE21 PCI_REQ2 AB14 DLLOUT AC22 PCLAD0 AF7 PCLAD1 AE10 PCLAD2 AB10 PCLAD3 AD10 PCLAD4 AE9 PCLAD5 AF8 PCLAD6 AC10 PCLAD7 AE11 PCLAD8 AB11 PCLAD9 AF10 PCLAD9 AF10 PCLAD10 AF9 PCLAD11 AB12 PCLAD12 AC12 PCLAD13 AD12	PCI_IRDY		AF15
PCI_IDSEL AC17 PCI_PERR AD14 PCI_SERR AD13 PCI_REQ0 AE20 PCI_REQ1/CPCL_HS_ES AF14 PCI_GNT0 AD20 PCI_GNT0/CPCL_HS_LED AE13 PCI_GNT2/CPCL_HS_ENUM AF21 PCI_RST AF22 PCI_INTA AE21 PCI_REQ2 AB14 DLLOUT AC22 PCL_AD0 AF7 PCL_AD1 AE10 PCL_AD2 AB10 PCL_AD3 AD10 PCL_AD4 AE9 PCL_AD5 AF8 PCL_AD6 AC10 PCL_AD7 AE11 PCL_AD8 AB11 PCL_AD9 AF10 PCL_AD10 AF9 PCL_AD11 AB12 PCL_AD12 AC12 PCL_AD13 AD12	PCI_STOP		AE15
PCI_PERR AD14 PCI_SERR AD13 PCI_REQ0 AE20 PCI_REQ1/CPCI_HS_ES AF14 PCI_GNT0 AD20 PCI_GNT1/CPCI_HS_LED AE13 PCI_GNT2/CPCI_HS_LED AF21 PCI_RST AF22 PCI_NTA AE21 PCI_REQ2 AB14 DLLOUT AC22 PCI_AD0 AF7 PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AD12	PCI_DEVSEL		AE14
PCI_SERR AD13 PCI_REQ0 AE20 PCI_REQ1/CPCI_HS_ES AF14 PCI_GNT0 AD20 PCI_GNT1/CPCI_HS_LED AE13 PCI_GNT2/CPCI_HS_ENUM AF21 PCI_RST AF22 PCI_INTA AE21 PCI_REQ2 AB14 DLLOUT AC22 PCI_AD0 AF7 PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_IDSEL		AC17
PCI_REQ0 AE20 PCI_REQ1/CPCI_HS_ES AF14 PCI_GNT0 AD20 PCI_GNT1/CPCI_HS_LED AE13 PCI_GNT2/CPCI_HS_ENUM AF21 PCI_RST AF22 PCI_INTA AE21 PCI_REQ2 AB14 DLLOUT AC22 PCI_AD0 AF7 PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_PERR		AD14
PCI_REQT/CPCI_HS_ES AF14 PCI_GNTT0 AD20 PCI_GNTT/CPCI_HS_LED AE13 PCI_GNT2/CPCI_HS_ENUM AF21 PCI_RST AF22 PCI_INTA AE21 PCI_REQ2 AB14 DLLOUT AC22 PCI_AD0 AF7 PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD9 AF9 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_SERR		AD13
PCI_GNT0 AD20 PCI_GNT1/CPCI_HS_LED AE13 PCI_GNT2/CPCI_HS_ENUM AF21 PCI_RST AF22 PCI_INTA AE21 PCI_REQ2 AB14 DLLOUT AC22 PCI_AD0 AF7 PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_REQ0		AE20
PCI_GNT1/CPCI_HS_LED AE13 PCI_GNT2/CPCI_HS_ENUM AF21 PCI_RST AF22 PCI_INTA AE21 PCI_REQ2 AB14 DLLOUT AC22 PCI_AD0 AF7 PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_REQ1/CPCI_HS_ES		AF14
PCI_GNT2/CPCI_HS_ENUM AF21 PCI_RST AF22 PCI_INTA AE21 PCI_REQ2 AB14 DLLOUT AC22 PCI_AD0 AF7 PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_GNT0		AD20
PCI_RST AF22 PCI_INTA AE21 PCI_REQ2 AB14 DLLOUT AC22 PCI_AD0 AF7 PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_GNT1/CPCI_HS_LED		AE13
PCI_INTA AE21 PCI_REQ2 AB14 DLLOUT AC22 PCI_AD0 AF7 PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_GNT2/CPCI_HS_ENUM		AF21
PCI_REQ2 AB14 DLLOUT AC22 PCI_AD0 AF7 PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_RST		AF22
DLLOUT AC22 PCI_AD0 AF7 PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_INTA		AE21
PCI_AD0 AF7 PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_REQ2		AB14
PCI_AD1 AE10 PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	DLLOUT		AC22
PCI_AD2 AB10 PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_AD0		AF7
PCI_AD3 AD10 PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_AD1		AE10
PCI_AD4 AE9 PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_AD2		AB10
PCI_AD5 AF8 PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_AD3		AD10
PCI_AD6 AC10 PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_AD4		AE9
PCI_AD7 AE11 PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_AD5		AF8
PCI_AD8 AB11 PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_AD6		AC10
PCI_AD9 AF10 PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_AD7		AE11
PCI_AD10 AF9 PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_AD8		AB11
PCI_AD11 AB12 PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_AD9	AF10	
PCI_AD12 AC12 PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_AD10	AF9	
PCI_AD13 AD12	PCI_AD11	AB12	
	PCI_AD12	AC12	
DCI AD44	PCI_AD13	AD12	
POI_AD14 AF11	PCI_AD14	AF11	
PCI_AD15 AB13	PCI_AD15		AB13
PCI_AD16 AE16	PCI_AD16		AE16

Pin N		
MPC8272/MPC8248 and MPC8271/MPC8247	MPC8272/MPC8271 only	Ball
PCI_AD17	I	AF17
PCI_AD18		AD16
PCI_AD19		AC16
PCI_AD20		AF18
PCI_AD21		AB16
PCI_AD22		AD17
PCI_AD23		AF19
PCI_AD24		AB17
PCI_AD25		AF20
PCI_AD26		AE19
PCI_AD27		AC18
PCI_AD28		AB18
PCI_AD29		AD19
PCI_AD30		AD21
PCI_AD31		AC20
PCI_C0/BE0		AE12
PCI_C1/BE1		AF13
PCI_C2/BE2		AC15
PCI_C3/BE3		AE18
IRQ0/NMI_OUT		A17
TRST ²		E21
тск		B22
TMS		C23
TDI		B24
TDO		A22
TRIS	B23	
PORESET ² /PCI_RST	C24	
HRESET	D22	
SRESET	F22	
RSTCONF	A24	
MODCK1/RSRV/TC0/BNKSEL0		A20
MODCK2/CSE0/TC1/BNKSEL1		C20

Table 19. Pinout (continued)

Pin I		
MPC8272/MPC8248 and MPC8271/MPC8247	MPC8272/MPC8271 only	Ball
MODCK3/CSE1/TC2/BNKSEL2	A21	
CLKIN1		D21
PA8/SMRXD2		AF25 ³
PA9/SMTXD2		AA22 ³
PA10/MSNUM5	FCC1_UT_RXD0	AB23 ³
PA11/MSNUM4	FCC1_UT_RXD1	AD26 ³
PA12/MSNUM3	FCC1_UT_RXD2	AD25 ³
PA13/MSNUM2	FCC1_UT_RXD3	AA24 ³
PA14/FCC1_MII_HDLC_RXD3	FCC1_UT_RXD4	W22 ³
PA15/FCC1_MII_HDLC_RXD2	FCC1_UT_RXD5	Y24 ³
PA16/FCC1_MII_HDLC_RXD1	FCC1_UT_RXD6	T22 ³
PA17/FCC1_MII_HDLC_RXD0/ FCC1_MII_TRAN_RXD/FCC1_RMII_R XD0	FCC1_UT_RXD7	W26 ³
PA18/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD0/FCC1_ MII_TRAN_TXD/ FCC1_RMII_TXD0	FCC1_UT_TXD7	V26 ³
PA19/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD1/FCC1_ RMII_TXD1	FCC1_UT_TXD6	R23 ³
PA20/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD2	FCC1_UT_TXD5	P25 ³
PA21/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD3	FCC1_UT_TXD4	N22 ³
PA22	FCC1_UT_TXD3	N26 ³
PA23	FCC1_UT_TXD2	N23 ³
PA24/MSNUM1	FCC1_UT_TXD1	H26 ³
PA25/MSNUM0	FCC1_UT_TXD0	G25 ³
PA26/FCC1_MII_RMIIRX_ER	FCC1_UT_RXCLAV	L22 ³
PA27/FCC1_MII_RX_DV/FCC1_RMII_ CRS_DV	FCC1_UT_RXSOC	G24 ³
PA28/FCC1_MII_RMII_TX_EN	FCC1_UT_RXENB	G23 ³
PA29/FCC1_MII_TX_ER	FCC1_UT_TXSOC	B26 ³
PA30/FCC1_MII_CRS/FCC1_RTS	FCC1_UT_TXCLAV	A25 ³
PA31/FCC1_MII_COL	FCC1_UT_TXENB	G22 ³
PB18/FCC2_MII_HDLC_RXD3/L1CLKC	DD2	T25 ³
PB19/FCC2_MII_HDLC_RXD2/L1RQD2	P22 ³	

Table 19. Pinout (continued)

Pin		
MPC8272/MPC8248 and MPC8271/MPC8247	MPC8272/MPC8271 only	Ball
PB20/FCC2_MII_HDLC_RMII_RXD1		L25 ³
PB21/FCC2_MII_HDLC_RMII_RXD0/F	CC2_TRAN_RXD	J26 ³
PB22/FCC2_MII_HDLC_TXD0/FCC2_ FCC2_RMII_TXD0	TRAN_TXD/	U23 ³
PB23/FCC2_MII_HDLC_TXD1/FCC2_	RMII_TXD1	U26 ³
PB24/FCC2_MII_HDLC_TXD2/L1RSY	NCB2	M24 ³
PB25/FCC2_MII_HDLC_TXD3/L1TSYI	NCB2	M23 ³
PB26/FCC2_MII_CRS/L1RXDB2		H24 ³
PB27/FCC2_MII_COL/L1TXDB2		E25 ³
PB28/FCC2_MII_RMII_RX_ER/FCC2_	RTS/TXD1	D26 ³
PB29/FCC2_MII_RMII_TX_EN		K21 ³
PB30/FCC2_MII_RX_DV/FCC2_RMII_	CRS_DV	D24 ³
PB31/FCC2_MII_TX_ER		E23 ³
PC0/DREQ3/BRGO7/SMSYN1/L1CLK	OA2	AF23 ³
PC1/BRGO6/L1RQA2		AD23 ³
PC4/SMRXD1/SI2_L1ST4/FCC2_CD		AB22 ³
PC5/SMTXD1/SI2_L1ST3/FCC2_CTS		AE24 ³
PC6/FCC1_CD/SI2_L1ST2	FCC1_UT_RXADDR2	AF24 ³
PC7/FCC1_CTS	FCC1_UT_TXADDR2	AE26 ³
PC8/CD4/RTS1/SI2_L1ST2/CTS3		AC24 ³
PC9/CTS4/L1TSYNCA2		AA23 ³
PC10/CD3/USB_RN		AB25 ³
PC11/CTS3/USB_RP/L1TXD3A2		V22 ³
PC12/DONE3	FCC1_UT_RXADDR1	AA26 ³
PC13/BRGO5	FCC1_UT_TXADDR1	V23 ³
PC14/CD1	FCC1_UT_RXADDR0	W24 ³
PC15/CTS1	FCC1_UT_TXADDR0	U24 ³
PC16/CLK16	T23 ³	
PC17/CLK15/BRGO8/DONE2	T26 ³	
PC18/CLK14/TGATE2	R26 ³	
PC19/CLK13/BRGO7/TGATE1		P24 ³
PC20/CLK12/USBOE		L26 ³

Pin l		
MPC8272/MPC8248 and MPC8271/MPC8247	MPC8272/MPC8271 only	Ball
PC21/CLK11/BRGO6/CP_INT		L24 ³
PC22/CLK10/DONE3	FCC1_UT_TXPRTY	L23 ³
PC23/CLK9/BRGO5/DACK3/CD1		K24 ³
PC24/CLK8/TIN3/TOUT4/DREQ2/BRG	01	K23 ³
PC25/CLK7/BRGO4/DACK2/SPISEL		F26 ³
PC26/CLK6/TOUT3/TMCLK		H23 ³
PC27/CLK5/BRGO3/TOUT1	FCC1_UT_RXPRTY	K22 ³
PC28/CLK4/TIN1/TOUT2/SPICLK		D25 ³
PC29/CLK3/TIN2/BRGO2/CTS1		F24 ³
PD7/SMSYN2	FCC1_UT_TXADDR3	AB21 ³
PD14/I2CSCL		AC26 ³
PD15/I2CSDA		Y23 ³
PD16/SPIMISO	FCC1_UT_TXPRTY	AA25 ³
PD17/BRGO2/SPIMOSI	FCC1_UT_RXPRTY	Y26 ³
PD18/SPICLK	FCC1_UT_RXADDR4	W25 ³
PD19/SPISEL/BRGO1	FCC1_UT_TXADDR4	V25 ³
PD20/RTS4/L1RSYNCA2		R24 ³
PD21/TXD4/L1RXD0A2		P23 ³
PD22/RXD4/L1TXD0A2		N25 ³
PD23/RTS3/USB_TP		K26 ³
PD24/TXD3/USB_TN		K25 ³
PD25/RXD3/USB_RXD		J25 ³
PD29/RTS1	FCC1_UT_RXADDR3	C26 ³
PD30/TXD1	E24 ³	
PD31/RXD1	B25 ³	
VCCSYN	C18	
VCCSYN1	K6	
CLKIN2		C21
No connect ⁴	D19 ⁴ , J3 ⁴ , AD24 ⁵	

Pin N			
MPC8272/MPC8248 and MPC8271/MPC8247	MPC8272/MPC8271 only	Ball	
I/O power		B4, F3, J2, N4, AD1, AD5, AE8, AC13, AD18, AB24, AB26, W23, R25, M25, F25, C25, C22, B17, B12, B8, E6, F6, H6, L5, L6, P6, T6, U6, V5, Y5, AA6, AA8, AA10, AA11, AA14, AA16, AA17, AB19, AB20, W21, U21, T21, P21, N21, M22, J22, H21, F21, F19, F17, E16, F14, E13, E12, F10, E10, E9	
Core Power		F5, K5, M5, AA5, AB7, AA13, AA19, AA21, Y22, AC25, U22, R22, L21, H22, E22, E20, E15, F13, F11, F8, L3, V4, W3, AC11, AD11, AB15, U25, T24, J24, H25, F23, B19, D17, C17, D10, C10	
Ground		E19, E2, K1, Y2, AE1, AE4, AD9, AC14, AE17, AC19, AE25, V24, P26, M26, G26, E26, B21, C12, C11, C8, A8, B18, A18, A2, B1, B2, A5, C5, D4, D6, G2, L4, P1, R1, R4, AC4, AE7, AC23, Y25, N24, J23, A23, D23, D20, E18, A13, A16, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K16, K17, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L16, L17, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M16, M17, N10, N11, N12, N13, N14, N15, N16, N17, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, P16, P17, R10, R11,R12, R13, R14, R15, R16, R17, T10, T11, T12, T13, T14, T15, T16, T17, U10, U11, U12, U13, U14, U15, U16, U17	

Must be tied to ground.

 $^{^2~}$ Should be tied to VDDH via a 2K Ω external pull-up resistor.

The default configuration of the CPM pins (PA[8–31], PB[18–31], PC[0–1,4–29], PD[7–25, 29–31]) is input. To prevent excessive DC current, it is recommended either to pull unused pins to GND or VDDH, or to configure them as outputs.

⁴ This pin is not connected. It should be left floating.

⁵ Must be pulled down or left floating

9 Package

Figure 13 shows the side profile of the PBGA package.

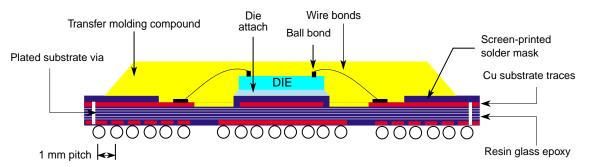


Figure 13. Side View of the PBGA Package Remove

Table 20 provides package parameters. Figure 14 provides the mechanical dimensions and bottom surface nomenclature of the 516 PBGA package.

Table 20. Package Parameters

Code	Туре	Outline (mm)	Interconnects	Pitch (mm)	Nominal Unmounted Height (mm)
VR, ZQ	PBGA	27 x 27	516	1	2.25

NOTE: Temperature Reflow for the VR Package

In the VR package, sphere composition is lead-free (refer to Table 2). This requires higher temperature reflow than what is required for other PowerQUICC II packages. Users should consult "Motorola PowerQUICC IITM Pb-Free Packaging Information" (MPC8250PBFREEPKG) available at www.motorola.com/semiconductors.

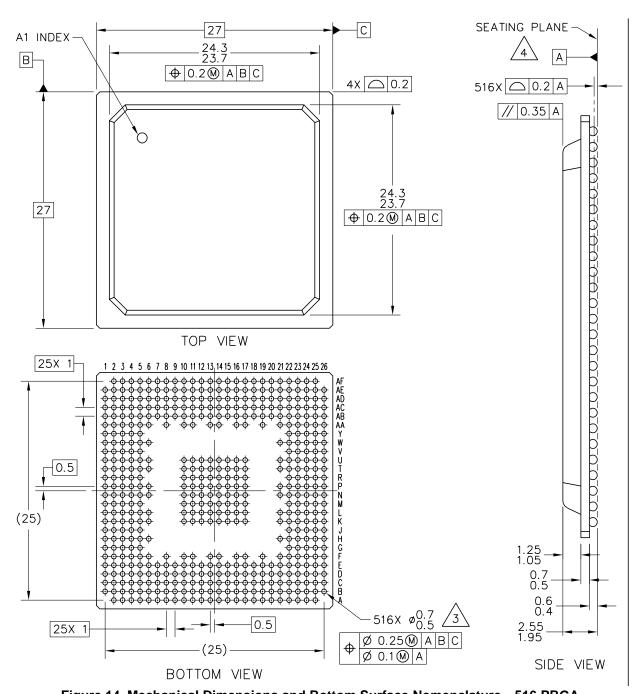


Figure 14. Mechanical Dimensions and Bottom Surface Nomenclature—516 PBGA

10 Ordering Information

Figure 15 provides an example of the Motorola part numbering nomenclature for the MPC8272. In addition to the processor frequency, the part numbering scheme also consists of a part modifier that indicates any enhancement(s) in the part from the original production design. Each part number also contains a revision code that refers to the die mask revision number and is specified in the part numbering scheme for identification purposes only. For more information, contact a local Motorola sales office.

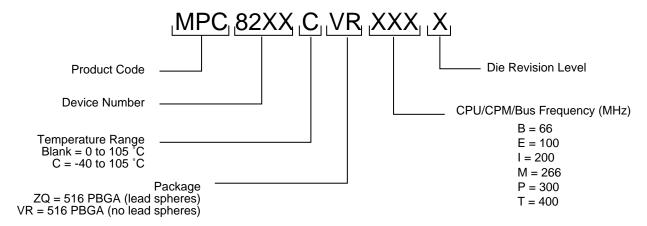


Figure 15. Motorola Part Number Key

11 Document Revision History

Table 21 lists significant changes between revisions of this hardware specification.

Table 21. Document Revision History

Revision	Date	Substantive Changes
0	5/2003	NDA release

Document Revision History

Table 21. Document Revision History

Revision	Date	Substantive Changes
0.1	9/2003	 Addition of the MPC8271 and the MPC8247 (these devices do not have a security engine) Table 5: Addition of note 2 to V_{IH} Table 5: Changed I_{OL} for 60x signals to 6.0 mA Modification of note 1 for Table 15, Table 16, Table 17, and Table 18 Table 19: Addition of ball AD9 to GND. In rev 0 of this document, AD8 was listed as assigned to both CS5 and GND. AD8 is only assigned to CS5. Table 19: Addition of note 4 to Thermal0 (D19) and Thermal1(J3) Addition of ZQ package code to Figure 15
0.2	12/2003	 Table 1: New Table 2: New Table 4: Modification of VDD and VCCSYN to 1.45–1.60 V Table 5: Addition of note 2 regarding TRST and PORESET (see V_{IH} row of Table 5) Table 5 and Table 19: Addition of muxed signals CPCI_HS_LED to PCI_GNT1 (AE13) CPCI_HS_ENUM to PCI_GNT2 (AF21) CPCI_HS_ENUM to PCI_GNT3 (AE21) Table 5 and Table 19: Modification of PCI signal names for consistency with PCI signal names on other PowerQUICC II devices: PCI_CFG0 (PCI_HOST_EN) (AC21) PCI_CFG1 (PCI_ARB_EN) (AE22) PCI_CFG2 (DLL_ENABLE) (AE23) PCI_TRDY (AF16) PCI_IRDY (AF16) PCI_IRDY (AF16) PCI_IRDY (AF16) PCI_STOP (AE15) DEVSEL (AE14) PCI_DESE (AC17) PCI_SERR (AD13) PCI_SERR (AD14) PCI_SERR (AD14) PCI_SERR (AD15) PCI_STOP (AE22) PCI_INTA (AE21) PCI_GNT0-2 (AD20, AE13, AF21) PCI_GNT0-2 (AD20, AE13, AF21) PCI_CO3 (AE12, AF13, AC15, AE18) PCI_AD0-31 Table 5 and Table 19: Corrected assertion level (added """) PCI_HOST_EN (AC21) and PCI_ARB_EN (AE22) PCI_ARB_EN (AE22) Table 6: Addition of R_{0JT} and note 4 Sections 4.1-4.5 and 4.7 on thermal characteristics: New Sections 4.1-4.5 and 4.7 on thermal characteristics: New Sections 4.1-4.5 and 4.7 on thermal characteristics in the MPC8280 Family. Addition of "Note: Temperature Reflow for the VR Package" on page 51 Table 19: Addition of note 2 to TRST (E21) and PORESET (C24) Table 19: Removal of Thermallo (D19) and Thermal1(J3). These pins are now "No connects." Note 4 unchanged. Table 19: Removal of Spare0 (AD24). This pin is now a "No connect." Note 5 unchanged. Table 19: Addition of PCI_MODE (AD22). This pin was previously listed as "Ground." Addition of note 1.

Document Revision History

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

HOW TO REACH US:

USA/EUROPE/LOCATIONS NOT LISTED:

Motorola Literature Distribution P.O. Box 5405, Denver, Colorado 80217 1-480-768-2130 (800) 521-6274

JAPAN:

Motorola Japan Ltd. SPS, Technical Information Center 3-20-1, Minami-Azabu Minato-ku Tokyo 106-8573 Japan 81-3-3440-3569

ASIA/PACIFIC:

Motorola Semiconductors H.K. Ltd. Silicon Harbour Centre, 2 Dai King Street Tai Po Industrial Estate, Tai Po, N.T., Hong Kong 852-26668334

TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTER:

(800) 521-6274

HOME PAGE:

www.motorola.com/semiconductors

Information in this document is provided solely to enable system and software implementers to use Motorola products. There are no express or implied copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits or integrated circuits based on the information in this document.

Motorola reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. Motorola makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Motorola assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in Motorola data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. Motorola does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. Motorola products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the Motorola product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use Motorola products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Motorola and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that Motorola was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part.



Motorola and the Stylized M Logo are registered in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. digital dna is a trademark of Motorola, Inc. The described product contains a PowerPC processor core. The PowerPC name is a trademark of IBM Corp. and used under license. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners. Motorola, Inc. is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

© Motorola, Inc. 2003

MPC8272EC